ETHIRAJ COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

(AUTONOMOUS)

CHENNAI - 600 008

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

Syllabus for

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY



CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION

(Syllabus effective from the Academic year 2018 -2019)

CONTENTS

B. Sc. Chemistry	Page No.
Rules and regulations for the Programme	3
Programme Educational Objectives	6
Programme Outcomes	6
Programme Specific Outcomes	7
Programme Profile	8
Evaluation pattern for CA	11
Rubrics for CA Evaluation	12
Evaluation Pattern for End Semester	12
Course Profile Semester –I	13
Course Profile Semester –II	18
Course Profile Semester –III	27
Course Profile Semester – IV	32
Course Profile Semester – V	38
Course Profile Semester – VI	54
Ouestion paper Template	100

ETHIRAJ COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI – 600 008

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CHEMISTRY CBC SYSTEM

(SYLLABUS EFFECTIVE FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2018 -2019)

Department of Chemistry is revising syllabus with effect from the academic year 2018-2019, under CBC system with Part –IV and Part-V as specified by the Government of Tamil Nadu. Part IV and Part V components will seek to build the capacity of the students and provide inputs for their social service and social analysis capabilities.

Every academic year is divided into two semester sessions. Each semester will have a minimum of 90 working days and each day will have 5 working hours.

Teaching is organized into a modular pattern of credit courses. Credit is related to the number of lecture, tutorial and practical hours (LTP) for a particular subject. It is also related to the number of hours a student spends learning a subject or carrying out an activity.

REGULATIONS

1. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION:

Candidates for admission to the first year of the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Chemistry course shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examinations conducted by the Government of Tamilnadu or an Examination accepted as equivalent thereto by the Syndicate of the University of Madras with Chemistry, Mathematics and Physics as subjects.

2. ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE:

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of the Degree only if she has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than three academic years, passed the examinations of all the six semesters prescribed and earned a total of 140 credits including Part-V. Students may earn extra credit by doing Add on Courses.

3. COURSE OF STUDY:

The main subject of study for Bachelor Degree in Chemistry consists of the following.

Study Components	No. of courses	Credit per course	Total credits
PART- I	2.2.4	2	10
Tamil / Other languages	2+2=4	3	12
PART- II	2.2.4	2	10
English	2+2=4	3	12
PART- III			
Core subject: Theory	10		43
Practicals	5	- -	17
Elective	3	5	15
Allied subject:			
Theory	2+2=4	10+8	18
Practicals	1	2	2
PART – IV			
1. (a) Not studied Tamil upto XII Std. –shall take	1+1=2	2	4
Tamil comprising of two courses (level 6 th Std.)			
(b) Studied Tamil up to XII Std taken non –Tamil under Part – I shall take Advanced Tamil comprising of two courses.			
(c) Others who do not come under (a & b) can choose non-Major Elective comprising of two courses.			
2. Soft Skills			
	4	3	12
3. Environmental studies	1	2	2
4. Value Education	1	2	2
	1	2	2
PART - V			
Extension activities	1	1	1
TOTAL			140

4. PASSING MINIMUM:

A candidate shall be declared to have passed in each Theory/ Practical of the main subject of study wherever prescribed, if she secured NOT LESS THAN 40% of the marks prescribed for the end semester examination and also 40% in the sum of end semester examination and continuous assessment. There is no passing minimum for Continuous Assessment (CA).

PART I, II & III:

The maximum marks for CA is 40 and for End Semester examination is 60. The aggregate mark for each paper is 100.

PART IV:

The maximum marks for the End Semester examination is 50 and the passing minimum is 40% and there is no continuous assessment.

5. CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES:

Part I, II, III & IV

Successful candidates passing the examination and securing the marks

- (i) 60 % and above and
- (ii) 50 % and above but below 60 % in the aggregate shall be declared to have passed the examination in the FIRST CLASS and SECOND CLASS respectively.

All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed the examination in the THIRD CLASS.

Candidates who pass all the examinations (Part I, II, III and IV) prescribed for the course in the FIRST APPEARANCE ITSELF ALONE are eligible for ranking.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):

On obtaining an undergraduate degree the students will be able to:

- **PEO1**: Apply and advance the knowledge and skills acquired, to become a creative professional in their chosen field.
- **PEO2**: Engage in self-directed continuous learning, aimed at global competency, which will promote professional and personal growth
- **PEO3**: Develop management skills and entrepreneurial skills, by harnessing core competencies tempered by values and ethics
- **PEO4:** Work towards achieving economic and social equity for women through application of relevant knowledge
- PEO5: Contribute to promoting environmental sustainability and social inclusivity

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)::

On completion of the programme the students will be able to

- **PO1** Promote and apply scientific knowledge for finding sustainable solution to solve the issues pertaining to the society.
- **PO2** Analyse and formulate novel ideas to yield, substantial results in the fields of research.
- PO3 -Relate key concepts and scientific principle to various scientific phenomenon and their applications in day-to-day life
- **PO4** Cultivate unparalleled comprehension of fundamental concepts relevant to basic sciences leading to individual's progress and career advancement at the National and Global levels
- **PO5** To communicate effectively their views and ideas orally/ written in English and in mother tongue.
- **PO6** Design solutions for complex problems and design system components or processes that meet the specific needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal and environmental conditions.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

The B.Sc. Chemistry Program is successful in imparting the students the following qualities.

- **PSO1:** Gain knowledge in terms of principles, concepts, techniques and processes in core chemistry and related disciplines
- **PSO2:** Acquire analytical skills through practical training using latest techniques, interpretation and presentation of data and skill sets in solving complex problems
- **PSO3:** Analyse and evaluate scientific, socio-economic problems and provide independent solutions based on modern scientific approach
- **PSO4:** Utilise the basic principles in the domain of chemistry and exchange ideas to sensitize the impact of the same on industry at large
- **PSO5:** Apply the theoretical and experimental ideas of chemistry in building a safe environment and acquire entrepreneurship skills through effective communication

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY

(MAJOR and ALLIED)

(Syllabus effective from the Academic year 2018-2019)

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- (i) To provide the basic knowledge in Chemistry and to help students develop analytical skills and attitude.
- (ii) To give the right platform for a future career in Pharmaceutical, Material chemistry and Applied Chemistry.
- (iii) Non- Major Electives enable the students to be entrepreneurs.

PREAMBLE:

- Modification of course contents in few courses based on feedback from students and report given by Academic Audit panel members.
- Part IV-Two Non- Major Electives one in each semester for I year, Environmental studies in Semester III and Value education in semester IV
- Four Soft Skill Courses in semesters I, II, III & IV
- Two self study papers in Semester V for Advanced learners
- CBCS is introduced in Major Elective paper offered in the VI Semester
- Practical Examinations are conducted once in an academic year ie., at the end of semester II, IV and VI

COURSE PROFILE:

Total Credits: 140

Semester: Ι II Ш IVV \mathbf{VI} NSS/NCC/Sports Credit 21 25 20 **26** 21 26 1

Note: 1.Students taking up Self Study paper in semester V will get 2 extra credits

2. Students can take up NPTEL/ MOOC courses and earn 1 extra credit for each course on completion.

B.Sc Chemistry Major Credits Total Credits – 75 (Core credits – 60 & Elective Credits – 15)

			Total TOTAL			Exa		Mar	ks			
Sem	Course Code	Part III (CORE) Title of the course	L	T	P	Hrs/ Wee k	HOURS	Credits	m Hrs	CA	SE	Total
I	CH18/1C/GC1	Core 1-General Chemistry -I	4	3	0	7	105	5	3	40	60	100
II	CH18/2C/GC2	Core 2- General Chemistry - II	4	3	0	7	105	5	3	40	60	100
	CH18/2C/PR1	*Core3- Practical 1- Volumetric Analysis				3	90	4	3	40	60	100
III	CH18/3C/OC1	Core 4 – Organic Chemistry I	4	3	0	7	105	5	3	40	60	100
IV	CH18/4C/IC1 CH18/4C/PR2	Core 5- Inorganic Chemistry I *Core 6-Practical 2–Inorganic	4	3	0	7 3	105 90	5 4	3 3	40 40	60 60	100 100
	CH18/4C/INT	Qualitative Analysis INTERNSHIP (not mandatory)						1				
V	CH18/5C/PHY	Core 7- Physical Chemistry	3	1	0	4	60	4	3	40	60	100
	CH18/5C/OC2 CH18/5C/IC2	Core 8-Organic Chemistry II Core 9- Inorganic Chemistry II	3	1	0	4 4	60 60	4 4	3	40 40	60 60	100 100
	CH18/5C/ANC CH18/5E/SPE CH18/5S/POC	Core 10-Analytical Chemistry Elective 1 – Spectroscopy Self Study- Polymer	3 4	1	0 0	4 5	60 75	4 5	3 3	40 40	60 60	100 100
	CH18/5S/FOC	Chemistry (OR) Self Study- Food Chemistry						2 2	3 3			
VI	CH18/6C/APC CH18/6C/PHA	Core 11-Applied Chemistry Core 12-Pharmaceutical Chemistry	3 3	1	0 0	4 4	60 60	3 4	3	40 40 40	60 60 60	100 100 100
	CH18/6E/CKE	Elective 2 – Chemical Kinetics and Electrochemistry Elective 3- Materials	4	1	0	5	75	5	3	40 40	60 60	100 100
	CH18/6E/MAC	Chemistry (OR)	4	1	0	4	75	5	3	40	60	100
	CH18/6E/AGC	Elective 3- Agricultural Chemistry	4	1	0	4	75	5	3	40	60	100
	CH18/6C/PR3 CH18/6C/PR4	*Core 13 Practical 3 – Organic Chemistry *Core 14 Practical 4 –	0	0	4	4	120	3	3	40	60	100
	CH18/6C/PR5	Gravimetric Analysis *Core 15 Practical 5-	0	0	4	4	120	3	3	40	60	100
		Physical Chemistry	0	0	4	4	120	3	3	40	60	100

^{*}Practical Examinations are conducted at the end of Even Semester (II, IV and VI Semesters)

Practical examination for CH18/6C/PR3 & CH18/6C/PR4 will be conducted in the forenoon and afternoon of the same day.

L= Lecturehours, T=Tutorial hours, P=Practical hours CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester Note: Students can take up NPTEL/ MOOC courses and earn extra credits

ALLIED CHEMISTRY: Credits: 20 [10 Credits for subjects offered by Department of

Chemistry and 10 credits for subjects offered by other departments]

Sem	Course Code	PART III	L		P	Total	TOTAL HOURS	Credits	Exam	Marl	S S	
Sem	Course Code	Title of the Course				Week		Creuits	Hrs	CA	SE	Total
1	CH18/1A/NGC	Allied Chemistry - General Chemistry	3	1	0	4	60	4	3	40	60	100
П	CH18/2A/NBC	Allied Chemistry -Bio Organic Chemistry	3	1	0	4	60	4	3	40	60	100
II	CH18/2A/PRA	Allied Chemistry Practical – Volumetric and Organic Analysis				2	60	2	3	40	60	100
III	CH18/3A/ZGC	Allied Chemistry - General Chemistry	3	1	0	4	60	4	3	40	60	100
IV	CH18/4A/ZBC	Allied Chemistry- Bio Organic Chemistry	3	1	0	4	60	4	3	40	60	100
IV	CH18/4A/PRA	Allied Chemistry Practical – Volumetric and Organic				2	60	2	3	40	60	100
		Analysis					60					
III	CH18/3A/PGC	Allied Chemistry –General Chemistry- 1	3	1	0	4	60	4	3	40	60	100
IV	CH18/4A/PGC	Allied Chemistry- General Chemistry-2	3	1	0	4	60	4	3	40	60	100
IV	CH18/4A/PRA	Allied Chemistry Practical – Volumetric and Organic Analysis				2	60	2	3	40	60	100

L= Lecture hours, T=Tutorial hours, P=Practical hours

CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester marks

NON – MAJOR ELECTIVE: Credits 4

Sem	Course Code	PART IV (Non – Major Elective)	L hr	T hr	P hr	Total Hrs/ Week	TOTAL HOURS	Credits	Exam Hrs	End Semester Marks Maximum
I	CH18/1N/ COS	Non – Major Elective -1 - Cosmetology	2	0	0	2	30	2	2	50
II	CH18/2N/ DPT	Non Major Elective -2 -Dyeing and Printing of textiles	2	0	0	2	30	2	2	50

L= Lecture hours, T=Tutorial hours, P=Practical hours

EVALUATION PATTERN

Theory: Continuous Assessment (CA) Pattern for Continuous Assessment

CA

Test I	2hrs.	50marks	10 marks
II	2hrs.	50marks	10
Quiz/ Assignment/ Seme	ster/ Field v	isit	10
Participatory Learning		10	

Total	40 marks

Practical: Continuous Assessment

(a) One Test - 10 marks
(b) Skill in practical - 20 marks
(c) Record - 10 marks

Total 40 marks

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End Semester Examination questions are to be chosen from the question bank by the external Examiner and evaluated by both Internal and External Examiners. Duration of Examination is 3 and the maximum mark is 60.

Part IV – Non – Major Elective

- The end semester examination question papers are to be set and evaluated by internal examiner only.
- Duration of examination is 2 hours and the maximum mark is 50.
- No Continuous Assessment.

CA Question Paper Pattern - UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 7 x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	14	
K1, K2	$B - 2/3 \times 8$ Marks	250	16	50
K2, K3	C – 1/2 x 20 Marks	500	20	

Question Paper Pattern for UG Part -IV

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total	
K1,K2	A – 5 x 10 Marks	350	50	50	

Rubrics for Continuous Assessment

Assignment: Appearance, contents, originality, presentation, schematic representation and diagram, bibliography.

Seminar: Organization, subject knowledge, visual aids, confidence level, presentation.

Participatory learning: Answering questions, clearing doubts, participation in discussion, attendance, communication and language.

Flipped/ Blended Learning – Information exchange, Group interaction, Clearing doubts

End Semester Examination question papers are to be set by the External Examiners and evaluated by both Internal and External Examiners.

Duration of examination is 3 hours and Maximum mark is 100.

Rubrics for Self Study Paper

Students with distinction in I & II year of study with no arrears are eligible to take self study paper. The self study paper is optional and 2 extra credits are given.

No Continuous assessment

Question paper will be set by the department. Single evaluation is done.

Rubrics for Internship

Internship is to be done at the end of Fourth Semester for a period of 14 days during summer holidays and is optional

Students can earn extra one credit on submission of the detailed report of the internship to the department

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:

CORE, ALLIED, ELECTIVE (Major) Courses and SELF STUDY Paper*:

COMPONENT	NATURE OF THE QUESTION	MAXIMUM MARK
Part A	Definition/Short answers	20
Part B	Understanding, Descriptions / Problems	40
Part C	Application / Analysis /	40
	Synthesis / Evaluation	40

^{*}Advanced Cognitive level

Part A: All 10 questions to be answered each carrying 2 marks with 2 questions from each unit [$10Q \times 2 = 20 \text{ MARKS}$]

Part B: All 5 questions to be answered [5Q x 8 = 40 marks] with an internal choice choosing one semester from each unit

Part C: 2 questions to be answered out of 4 questions covering all the 5 units with a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a,b,c,d) [$2Q \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks}$]

Template of the Question Paper Common to All Non Major Electives

Answer Any Ten Questions Out of Twelve Questions

 $10Q \times 5 = 50$

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

From 2018-2019 Batch

COURSE PROFILE – SEMESTER I

Course Code	Course Title	Hours/	Credits	Marks				
		Week	Credits	CA	SE	Total		
Part-I	Tamil/Hindi/French/Sanskrit	5	3	40	60	100		
Part-II	English	5	3	40	60	100		
Part – III					1			
CH18/1C/GC1	Core 1-General Chemistry I	7	5	40	60	100		
	*Core Practical 1–Volumetric Analysis	3	-	-	-	-		
MA18/1A/AM1	Allied Mathematics-I	6	5	40	60	100		
Part-IV		1	1					
UG18/1N/BTA UG18/1N/ATA CH18/1N/COS	1a/1b/1c (1a – Basic Tamil , 1b- Advanced Tamil , 1c-Non – Major Elective- Cosmetology)	2	2	-	50	50		
	Soft Skill 1	2	3	-	50	50		
	Total	30	21					

^{*}Practical Examinations are conducted at the end of Even Semester (II, IV and VI Semesters)

CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester marks

SEMESTER- I

Title of the Course: Core 1-General Chemistry-I

Teaching hours: $15 \times 7 = 105$ Credits: 5 Course Code: CH18/1C/GC1 L T P 4 3 0

Objectives:

- 1. To provide basic concepts of chemical bonding.
- 2. To study the basic theory related to qualitative and quantitative Analysis.
- 3. To study the basic concepts in organic chemistry to understand reaction mechanisms.
- 4. To provide the concepts and applications of thermodynamics.
- 5. To provide knowledge in thermochemistry, solutions and their behavior.

COURSE OUTLINE

- UNIT I: Chemical bonding: ionic bond-Madelung energy-polarization of ions Fajan's rule-covalent bond-Wave mechanical Principles involved in treatment of valence bond and molecular orbital theories-Shapes of molecules. VSEPRT BeF₂, BF₃, PF₅, SF₆, IF₇, H₂O, NH₃, IF₅, XeF₂, XeF₄, XeF₆ and XeOF₄, Molecular orbital theory as applied to N₂,,F₂,O₂-Super oxo and peroxo ions, CO and NO molecules.
 21 hrs
- Principles of qualitative analysis: Laboratory Methods in Semimicro qualitative UNIT II: Analysis, Filtration of precipitates, Washing of Precipitates, Heating of Solutions, Evaporation, Methods of Precipitating Sulphides-Types of Reactions Involved in Qualitative Analysis-Dry Reaction-Precipitation Reactions- Complexation Reactions-Preparation of Solution for Cations Testing on Semi Micro Scale. Principles of quantitative analysis-Definition- Standardisation, Experimental requirements of Volumetric analysis- Types of Titrations. Indicators for Acid-Base Titrations, Precipitation-Titrations-Redox Titrations- Self Indicators-External Gravimetric analysis -Conditions for Precipitation-Choice of Precipitants-Types of Organic Precipitants-Specific and selective precipitants-Sequestering Agents-Solubility of Precipitates-Theories of Precipitation-Co-Precipitation-Post Precipitation-Effect of Digestion-Washing of Precipitates-Types and Care of Crucibles. 21hrs
- **UNIT III: Shapes of molecules**: Hybridisation and Geometry of molecule Methane, Ethane, Ethylene, Acetylene and Benzene. Polar effects- Explanation with examples Inductive effect, Inductomeric effect, Electromeric effect, Mesomeric effect,

Resonance effect, Hyperconjugation and Steric effects-Steric inhibition of Resonance-Steric retardation and Steric acceleration. Cleavage of covalent bonds- Heterolytic fission-Carbocations, Carbanions- structure and stability. Homolytic fission- free radicals- structure and relative stability of free radical. **Alkanes:** Mechanism of free radical substitution of alkanes-halogenations of alkane- reactivity and selectivity.

21hrs

UNIT IV: Thermodynamics I: Thermodynamic functions-state functions and path functions. Exact and inexact differential, Zeroth law of thermodynamics-statement-application, First law of Thermodynamics-statement, equation, Internal energy and enthalpy, relationship between molecular heat capacity at constant volume and constant pressure for an ideal gas-calculation of q, ΔΕ & ΔΗ for the expansion of ideal gases under reversible, isothermal and adiabatic conditions. **Thermochemistry** -Enthalpy of reaction, enthalpy of combustion, enthalpy of solutions, enthalpy of dilution, differential & intergral heats of solution & dilution, laws of thermo Chemistry, bond energy, calculation of bond energy using thermo chemical data, application of bond energy data, variation of enthalpy of reaction with temperature-Kirchoff's equation.

21hrs

<u>UNIT V:</u> Solutions: Solutions of gases in liquids, factors influencing solubility of a gas, Henry's law. Solutions of liquids in liquids - Raoult's Law, vapour pressure of ideal solutions, vapour pressure- composition curves, boiling point-composition curves of completely miscible binary solutions, fractional distillation of completely miscible binary liquid solutions, azeotropic mixtures. Solubility of partially miscible liquids pairs, Phenol- water system, Triethylamine water system, nicotine-water system, effect of impurities on CST, distillation of immiscible liquid pairs.
21hrs

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Elements of Analytical Chemistry. R.Gopalan, P.S.Subramanian, K.Rengarajan- 3rd edition
- 2. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry B.R.Puri L.R. Sharma & K.C.Kalia 28th edn Vallabh publications.2003
- 3. Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni , Sultan Chand and Sons, 28^{th} edition , 2012
- 4. Organic Chemistry by Bahl & Arun Bahl ,11th edn ,Sultan Chand and Co.2010
- 5. Organic Chemistry by Morrison & Boyd $,7^{th}$ edn , Pearson India 2011
- 6. Principles of Physical Chemistry Puri & Sharma 41st edn Vishal Publishing Co. 2004.
- 7. Physical Chemistry Samuel Glasstone, David Lewis, Palgrave Macmillan 1993
- 8. Guide book to mechanism in Organic Chemistry by Peter Sykes, 6th edition , Pearson Publications, 2003

REFERENCES:

- 1. Text book of Qualitative chemical analysis 1st edition- G.H.Jeffery, J.Bassett, J.Mendham, R.C.Deynery.
- 2. Text book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis-Vogal ELBS III edition, (1976) and IV Edition (1985)
- 3. Text book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis-Vogal ELBS III edition, (1976) and IV Edition (1985)
- 4. Organic Chemistry by Finar Vol II 3rd edition ELBS
- 5. Text book of Physical Chemistry by A.S.Negi & S.C.Anand. 1st edn New Age International.
- 6. Text book of Physical Chemistry Kapoor Vol 1,2,3 & 4. Mac Millan
- 7. Thermodynamics for chemists Samuel Glasstone, Ist edition East West Press.
- 9. An Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics by Rastogi & Misra, 6 th Revised editionVikas Publishing House.
- 10. Physical Chemistry by P.W. Atkins, 10 th edition Oxford University Press.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Education in Chemistry
- 2. Indian academy of Sciences-Proceedings-Chemical Sciences
- 3. Current Science
- 4. Journal of Inorganic Chemistry
- 5. Journal of American Chemical Society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Gain knowledge in valence bond and molecular orbital treatment to explain chemical bonding in molecules. Predict the shapes of molecules based on VSEPR theory
CO 2	Learn the principles of qualitative analysis of cations and anions and theory behind quantitative Analysis – Volumetric and Gravimetric
CO 3	Utilize the concept of hybridisation to explain shapes of simple organic molecules. Gain in-depth knowledge on polar effects and its applications, structure and stability of short lived intermediates
CO 4	State and explain the first law of thermodynamics and its applications, principles of thermochemisty, calculate bond energy and derive Kirchoff equation
CO 5	Explain Henrys law, Raoults law, binary solutions – miscible and immiscible and their behaviour

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	DCO5
PSO	1	2	3	4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	1	2	1
CO 2	3	3	3	2	2
CO 3	3	2	2	3	2
CO 4	3	2	2	2	1
CO 5	3	1	2	2	2
Average	3	2	2	2.2	1.6

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

Course Code	Course Title	Hours/Week	Credits		M	arks
				CA	SE	Total
Part-I	Tamil/Hindi/French/Sanskrit	5	3	40	60	100
Part-II	English	5	3	40	60	100
Part –III						
CH18/2C/GC2	Core 2-General Chemistry II	7	5	40	60	100
CH18/2C/PR1	*Core 3 Practical 1–Volumetric Analysis	3	4	40	60	100
MA18/2A/AM2	Allied Mathematics-II	6	5	40	60	100
Part-IV						
UG18/2N/BTA UG18/2N/ATA CH18/2N/DPT	1a/1b/1c (1a – Basic Tamil, 1b- Advanced Tamil, 1c-Non – Major Elective – Dyeing and Printing of Textiles)	2	2	_	50	50
UG18/2S/ECS	Soft Skill 2- English Language and Communication Skills II	2	3	-	50	50
	Total	30	25			

CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester marks

SEMESTER- II

Title of the Course: Core 2- General Chemistry-II

Teaching hours: $15 \times 7 = 105$ Credits: 5 Course Code: CH18/2C/GC2 L T P 4 3 0

Objectives:

- 1. To learn the fundamentals in nuclear Chemistry.
- 2. To study the mechanism of addition reactions to alkenes and alkynes.
- 3. To understand the concept of aromaticity.

nuclear fusion.

- 4. To study the mechanisms of Aromatic electrophilic , nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions.
- 5. To study the concepts and applications of II and III law of Thermodynamics

UNIT I: Fundamental particles of nucleus: Nucleon terminology-isobars, isotopes, isomers, mirror nuclei, properties of nucleus - mass, radius, spin - Nuclear forces operative between nucleons. Magnitude of nuclear forces. Stability of nucleus, N/P ratio-curves-stability belts-Nuclear binding energy-mass defect, simple calculations involving mass defect and binding energy per nucleon. Magic numbers, Structure of Nucleus-Liquid drop model-shell model. Artificial transmutation of elements, Induced radioactivity, radio isotopes. Nuclear fission by thermal neutrons and

UNIT II:

.Alkenes-Mechanism of Electrophilic and Free radical additions of alkenes-Addition of halogens, hydrogen halides, Markonikoff's rule, Peroxide effect in hydrogen bromide addition- addition of sulphuric acid, water, hydroboration (Addition of diborane to ethylene and propylene only), ozonolysis, hydroxylation with KMnO₄, allylic substitution by NBS. **Dienes**-Classification, stability and chemical reactivity-1,2 and 1,4- addition to conjugated dienes, kinetic and thermodynamic control of reaction-Diels-Alder reaction. **Alkynes**-Acidity of acetylene, Addition of water in presence of HgSO₄ catalyst, halogens, hydrogen halides, hydroboration and ozonolysis.

UNIT III: Aromaticity: Huckel's rule of Aromaticity and its simple applications-Benzene, Naphthalene, Anthracene and Phenanthrene. **Polynuclear hydrocarbons**-Naphthalene, Anthracene -synthesis, properties, and uses. **Aromatic electrophilic**

21hrs

substitution reaction-orientation and reactivity- Mechanism of sulphonation, halogenations, Friedal craft's alkylation and acylation. Nuclear and side chain halogenations. Aromatic nucleophilic substitution - Activated aryl halides – Benzyne mechanism -Effect of substituents on reactivity. Aliphatic nucleophilic substitution reaction— Mechanism and stereochemistry of SN₁, SN₂, groups, nucleophiles reactioneffect of solvents, leaving substrates.Elimination reaction-E1 and E2 eliminations-Mechanism and stereochemistry, dehydration of alcohols and dehydrohalogenation-Hoffmann and Saytzeff's rule. 21hrs

UNIT IV:

Thermodynamics II: Need for second law, statements of second law, concept of entropy-definition-entropy changes in isothermal expansion of an ideal gas, cyclic, reversible and irreversible processes, physical transformation-calculation of entropy changes of an ideal gas with changes in temperature, volume and pressure. Entropy of mixing-Gibbs free energy-Helmholtz free energy- their variation with temperature, pressure and volume. Criteria for spontaneity, Gibbs Helmholtz equation, derivation and applications. Fundamental equations of thermodynamics-Maxwell's relationship- thermodynamic equation of state.

UNIT V:

Partial molar properties: Partial molar free energy-chemical potential-Gibbs Duhem equation-chemical potential and other thermodynamic functions-relationship with enthalpy, internal energy and work function. Variation of chemical potential with temperature and pressure-chemical potential in a system of pure solid, pure liquid and ideal gas mixture. Gibbs—Duhem Margules equation. Concept of fugacity and activity. Determination of fugacity of gas-activity and activity coefficient. Thermodynamics III-Statement-Nernst heat theorem-Evaluation of absolute entropies from heat capacity measurements-exceptions to the third law.

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni , Sultan Chand and Sons, 28th edition , 2012
- 2. Organic Chemistry by Bahl & Arun Bahl $,11^{th}$ edn ,Sultan Chand and Co.2010
- 3. Organic Chemistry by Morrison & Boyd $,7^{th}$ edn , Pearson India 2011
- 4. Guide book to mechanism in Organic Chemistry by Peter Sykes, 6th edition , Pearson Publications, 2003
- 5. Physical Chemistry Samuel Glasstone, David Lewis, Palgrave Macmillan 1993
- 6. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry B.R.Puri L.R. Sharma & K.C.Kalia 28thedn Vallabh publications.2003

- 7. Text Book of Physical Chemistry P.L.Soni O.P.Dharmarha U.N.Dash, Sultan Chand and Sons, 22nd revised edition.
- 8. Advanced Physical Chemistry J.N.Gurtu and A.Gurtu, A Pragathi edition.
- 9. Principles of Physical Chemistry Puri & Sharma 41stedn Vishal Publishing Co. 2000.
- 10. Atkins, Physical Chemistry, Julio de Paula Peter Atkins, 10th edition, Oxford University press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Organic Chemistry by Finar Vol II 3rd edition ELBS
- 2. Text book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis-Vogal ELBS III edition, (1976) and IV Edition (1985)
- 3. Textbook of Quantitative Inorganic analysis-Vogal ELBS III edition, (1976) and IV Edition (1985)
- 4. Textbook of Physical Chemistry by A.S.Neg & S.C.Anand. 1st edition, New Age International
- 5. Text book of Physical Chemistry Kapoor Vol 1, 2, 3 & 4. Mac Millan
- 6. Thermodynamics for Chemists–Samuel Glasstone, 2007. D. Van Nostrand Company.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4.mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Gain knowledge on the fundamental particles of nucleus, stability, structure of nucleus and radioactivity
CO 2	Explain the mechanism of electrophilic and free radical addition to alkenes alkynes and dienes. Classify dienes, kinetic and thermodynamic control of reaction
CO 3	Apply Huckle's rule and differentiate between aromatic, antiaromatic and non aromatic compounds. Gain knowledge on the mechanism of aromatic, electrophilic, aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions
CO 4	Utilise the Second Law of Thermodynamics to predict the spontaneity of physical and chemical changes and to understand the concept of entropy and to learn the fundamental equations of thermodynamics
CO 5	Understand the idea about partial molar properties, Derive Gibbs Duhem equation ,variation of chemical potential with temperature and pressure and III law of thermodynamics

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	1	2	1
CO 2	3	2	1	3	1
CO 3	3	2	2	2	2
CO 4	3	2	2	2	1
CO 5	3	2	2	2	1
Average	3	2	1.6	2.2	1.2

KEY: Strongly correlated – 3 Moderately correlated -2 Weakly correlated -1 No Correlation – 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTERS I & II

MAJOR PRACTICALS

Title of the Course: Core 3- Practical 1 - Volumetric Analysis

Teaching hrs: $30 \times 3 = 90$ Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/2C/PR1

ACIDIMETRY

- 1. Estimation of Borax—Standard Sodium carbonate.
- 2. Estimation of Oxalic acid Standard Oxalic acid.
- 3. Estimation of Sodium carbonate and Sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture
- 4. *Estimation of temporary and permanent hardness of water.

PERMANGANIMETRY

- 5. Estimation of Ferrous ammonium sulphate-Standard Ferrous sulphate.
- 6. Estimation of Oxalic acid- Standard Ferrous sulphate.
- 7. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titration with Potassium Permanganate

DICHROMETRY

8. Estimation of Ferrous ion against dichromate using diphenylamine as Internal indicator.

COMPLEXOMETRY

9. Estimation of Magnesium/Zinc using EDTA

*IODOMETRY

10. Estimation of Copper-Standard Potassium dichromate

*CERIMETRY

11. Estimation of Ferrous ion

*For internal assessment only

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Develop skills in volumetric estimation and prepare solutions of various molar concentrations.
CO 2	Apply the knowledge of pH to choose indicators for various types of volumetric analysis.
CO3	Understand the principle behind each volumetric experiment

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	2	3	3	3	1
CO 2	2	2	3	3	1
CO 3	3	1	1	1	1
Average	2.3	2	2.3	2.3	1

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

Teaching Methodology: Hands on Practical training and Demonstration

END SEMESTER PRACTICALEXAMINATION

I B.Sc Chemistry SEMESTERS I & II

QUESTION BANK

Title of the Course: Core 3-Practical 1 -Volumetric Analysis

Course code: CH18/2C/PR1

Max. Marks: 60

Time: 3 hrs

1. You are provided with oxalic acid solution. Estimate volumetrically the amount of oxalic acid

present in the whole of the given solution. You are supplied with approximately decinormal

solution of sodium hydroxide and pure crystalline oxalic acid. Get your burette and balance

readings attested by the examiner.

2. You are given borax solution. Estimate volumetrically the amount of borax present in the

whole of the given solution. You are supplied with approximately decinormal solution of

hydrochloric acid and pure anhydrous sodium carbonate. Get your burette and balance readings

attesed by the examiner

3. You are given ferrous ammonium sulphate solution. Estimate volumetrically the amount of

ferrous ammonium sulphate present in the whole of the given solution. You are supplied with

approximately decinormal solution of potassium permanganate and pure crystalline oxalic acid.

Get your burette readings attested by the examiner

4. You are given oxalic acid solution. Estimate volumetrically the amount of oxalic acid present

in the whole of the given solution. You are supplied with approximately decinormal solution of

potassium permanganate and pure ferrous ammonium sulphate crystals. Get your burette

readings and the weights attested by the examiner.

5. You are given magnesium sulphate solution. Estimate volumetrically the amount of

magnesium sulphate present in the whole of the given solution. You are supplied with

approximately decinormal solution of EDTA and pure crystalline zinc sulphate Get your

burette and the weights attested by the examiner.

6. You are given a solution of amixture of Sodium carbonate and Sodium hydrogen carbonate.

Estimate volumetrically the amount of Sodium carbonate and Sodium hydrogen carbonate

present in the mixture. You are supplied with approximately decinormal solution of

Hydrochloric acid and pure anhydrous Sodium carbonate. Get your burette and the weights

attested by the examiner.

25

SCHEME OF VALUATION

Continuous Assessment : 40 marks

External marks : 60 marks [50+ 10 marks for Record]

Total : 100 marks

Volumetric analysis

Error upto 2% : 50 marks
Error from 2.1% to 3% : 45 marks
Error from 3.1% to 4% : 35 marks
Error above 4% : 20 marks

Arithmetic error - reduce 1 mark

Wrong calculation - reduce 20% of the marks secured
No calculation - reduce 40% of the marks secured

	COURSE PROFILE - SEMESTER III							
Course Code	Course Title	Hours/Week	Credits		arks			
				CA	SE	Total		
Part –I	Tamil/Hindi/Sanskrit/French			40	60	100		
		5	3					
Part-II	English	5	3	40	60	100		
Part – III	Core 4- Organic Chemistry I	7	5	40	60	100		
CH18/3C/OC1								
	*Core Practical 2-Inorganic	3	-	-	-	-		
	Qualitative Analysis							
PH18/3A/GP1	General Physics-I	4	4	40	60	100		
PH18/4A/PPR	*Allied Physics	2	-	-	-	-		
D . III	Practicals	2	2		7.0	50		
Part-IV UG18/3S/EVS	Environmental studies	2	2	1	50	50		
	Soft Skill - 3	2	3	-	50	50		
	Total	30	20					

CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester marks

SEMESTER- III

Title of the Course: Core 4-Organic Chemistry -I

Teaching hours: $15 \times 7 = 105$ Credits: 5

Course Code: CH18/3C/OC1 LTP 4 3 0

Objectives:

- 1. To study the reactions of alcohols and acids.
- 2. To study the mechanism of nucleophilic addition to carbonyl compounds.
- 3. To study the preparation and properties of Dicarboxylic acids and Heterocyclic compounds.
- 4. To study the reactions of Amines and Nitro compounds.
- 5. To study the synthesis and properties of Amino acids and structure of Proteins.

COURSE OUTLINE

- <u>UNIT I:</u> Phenols and Alcohols: Acidic character of Phenols & Alcohols-Explanation on the basis of resonance stabilization. Ring substitution in phenols-orientation of phenolic group towards electrophiles. Mechanism of esterification, nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, coupling with diazonium salts. Kolbe's reaction, Reimer Tieman reaction, Gattermann reaction, Houben Hoesch reaction and Phthalein fusion reaction. Alpha and beta naphthols-preparation, properties and uses. Unsaturated alcohols-Preparation and reactions of Allyl alcohol
 21hrs
- <u>UNIT II</u>: Carbonyl Compounds: Polarisation and acidity of alpha hydrogen in carbonyl compounds. Mechanism of Nucleophilic addition-Reactions of Carbonyl compounds with NaHSO₃, HCN, RMgX, H₂N-NH₂, RNH₂, C₆H₅NH₂, phenyl hydrazine and 2,4-dinitro phenyl hydrazine. Mechanisms of Aldol and Benzoin condensations, Perkin, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Wittig, Cannizaro and Reformatsky reactions. Mechanism of Reduction of carbonyl compounds with sodium borohydride, LiAlH₄, Wolf-Kishner, Clemmenson reduction and MPV reduction. Grignard reagent- Preparation and synthetic applications only. Characteristics reactions of Active methylene group-preparation and synthetic uses of Malonic ester, Acetoaceticesters and cyanoacetic esters. Tautomerism-definition- Keto-enol tautomerism (Identification, acid and base catalysed inter conversions, mechanism, preparations and characteristics) 21 hrs
- <u>UNIT III:</u> Dicarboxylic Acids- Preparation and properties of oxalic, Malonic, Succinic, Glutaric and Adipic acids. Unsaturated dicarboxylic acid- Preparation and properties of Maleic and Fumaric acid.) Heterocyclic Compounds: Aromaticity of heterocyclic compounds Synthesis and reactions of Pyrrole, Furan, Thiophene, Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline and Indole with special reference to Skraup, Bischler, Napieralski and Fischer-indole synthesis.

 21 hrs

- <u>UNIT IV.</u>. Nitro Compounds- Conversions of nitrobenzene to ortho, para, meta dinitrobenzene, TNT. Aromatic nitrocompounds-Reduction in neutral, acidic and alkaline media. Amines: Basicity of amines, various reactions of amines, Diazotisation and its mechanism. Synthetic application of diazonium salts. Diazomethane and diazoacetic esters-preparation, structures and their synthetic uses **Dyes-**Theory of colour and constitution, classification-according to structure and method of application. Preparation and uses of 1.Azo dye-Methyl orange, 2.Triphenyl methane dye-Malachite green, 3.Phthalein dye-Phenolphthalein and fluorescein, 4. Vat dye-Indigo, 5.Anthraquinone dye-Alizarin
- UNIT V: Aminoacids and Proteins: Aminoacids-Classification of amino acids-essential and non essential aminoacids-Preparation of alpha amino acids-from halogenated acids, Gabriels phthalimide synthesis, Strecker synthesis. Properties and reactions-Zwitter ions, isoelectric points peptide synthesis (Bergmann' s method only)-structure determination of polypeptides-endgroup analysis. Proteins-Classification based on physical and chemical properties and physiological function- Primary and secondary structures of proteins-Helical and sheet structures (Elementary treatment only)-Denaturation of proteins-Colour reaction of proteins. Nucleic acids- Nucleoside, Nucleotides- functions of Nucleotides, Nucleotides as energy carriers, types of Nucleic acid, Structure and functions of nucleic acids.

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni, Sultan Chand and Sons, 28th edition, 2012
- 2. Organic Chemistry by Bahl & Arun Bahl ,11th edn ,Sultan Chand and Co.2010
- 3. Organic Chemistry by Morrison & Boyd ,7th edn , Pearson India 2011 .
- 4. Guide book to mechanism in Organic Chemistry by Peter Sykes, 6^{th} edition , Pearson Publications, 2003
- 5. Organic Chemistry by Jagadhamba Singh L.D.S. Yadav ,Vol II and III , 11th edition-Pragathi publishers 2014.
- 6. Modern Organic Chemistry by M.K.Jain , S.C. Sharma , 4th edition Vishal publishers 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Organic Chemistry by Finar Vol II, 3rd edition ELBS
- 2. UG-Organic Chemistry, Volume II, III Jagadamba Singh & L.D.S. Yadav, 8th edition 2013.

PERIODICALS:

1. Resonance- Journal of science education

- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of Inorganic Chemistry.
- 7. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Compare the acidic character of alcohols and Phenols and understand the electrophilic substitution rections of phenols
CO 2	Learn the mechanism of nucleophilic addition to carbonyl compounds and reactions of active methylene compounds
CO 3	Explain the preparation and properties of saturated and unsaturated dicarboxylic acids and heterocyclic compounds
CO 4	Gain knowledge on the reactions of nitro compounds ,amines and synthetic application of diazonium salts . Learn the preparation and uses of various dyes
CO 5	Gain knowledge on the preparation and properties of different amino acids ,synthesis of peptides, structure of proteins and functions of nucleic acids

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	3	2	2
CO 2	3	2	2	3	3
CO 3	3	2	2	3	2
CO 4	3	3	2	2	2
CO 5	3	2	2	2	2
Average	3	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.2

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk), Problem solving,

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

COURSE PROFILE - SEMESTER IV						
Course Code	Course Title	Hours	G 14	Marks		
		/Week	Credits	CA	SE	Total
Part-I	Tamil/Hindi/French/Sanskr it	5	3	40	60	100
Part-II	English	5	3 40		60	100
Part – III CH18/4C/IC1	Core 5-Inorganic Chemistry I			40	60	100
CH18/4C/PR2	2 *Core 6-Practical 2- 3 4 Inorganic Qualitative Analysis		40	60	100	
PH18/4A/GP2	General Physics-2	-2 4 4		40	60	100
PH18/4A/PPR	*Allied Physics Practicals	2	2 2 40		60	100
Part IV UG18/4S/VED	Value Education	2	2	-	50	50
	Soft Skill - 4	2	3	-	50	50
CH18/4C/INT	Internship (optional)		1			
	30	26/27				

CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester marks

SEMESTER-IV

Title of the Course: Core 5- Inorganic Chemistry-I

Teaching hours: $15 \times 7 = 105$ Credits: 5 Course Code: CH18/4C/IC1 L T P 4 3 0

Objectives:

- 1. To provide the basic concepts in the field of metallurgy
- 2. To study the Synthesis and applications of polymers
- 3. To provide the importance of inorganic pigments
- 4. To study the extraction and separation of lanthanide and Actinide elements
- 5. To understand elementary structure of crystals

COURSE OUTLINE

- <u>UNIT I:</u> Basic metallurgical processes: ores, minerals-Metal ore mines in India, General methods of extraction-concentration methods, reduction methods, refining processes. Extraction of Ti, V, Cr, Ni from their principle ores preparation and properties of compounds of Ti, V, Cr, Ni, co-oxides, halides oxyhalides and metal salts 21hrs
- <u>UNIT II:</u> Synthesis, Properties and Applications of polymers: Main group containing polymers: polysiloxanes, polysilanes, Polysilicates-classification, preparation and applications. Transition metal containing polymers. Sulphur nitrogen polymers, Boron based polymers. -Maddrell's salts—coordination polymers with two and three dimensional network compounds.
 21 hrs
- <u>UNIT III</u>: Inorganic solids of technological importance: Solid electrolytes- cationic, anionic, mixed inorganic pigments colour solids, white and black pigments. Molecular materials and fullerides, molecular materials & chemistry one diamentional metals, molecular magnets, inorganic crystals, Composition, Characteristics and applications of various types of Cast iron, Plain carbon and Alloy steels, Copper, Aluminium and their alloys like Duralumin, Brass and Bronze.
 21hrs
- <u>UNIT IV</u>: Inner transition metals Lanthanides and Actinides Extraction, Separation techniques, Extraction of thorium and uranium- Artificial synthesis of trans uranium elements- Significance of rare earths Electronic Configurations Common oxidation states Lanthanide Contraction consequences

 21hrs
 - <u>UNITY</u>: Solid state: Introduction-Elements of Symmetry-Symmetry operations. Classification into groups-Point groups of molecules- H₂O & NH₃ only. (Restrict to C_{2V}, C_{3V} & C_{2h})-

Space lattice, Unit lattice, packing- hcp & ccp, Bravais Lattices-Different crystal systems, Miller indices, Designation of planes, X-ray diffraction, Bragg's equation, rotating crystallography method, powder diffraction-structure determination. Structure of rock salt. Sodium chloride, Cesium chloride Structures. Schottky and Frenkel defects.

21hrs

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Principles of inorganic Chemistry B.R.Puri L.R. Sharma & K.C.Kalia 28th edn Vallabh publications.2003
- 2. Text Book of Inorganic Chemistry P.L.Soni M.Katyal 20th edn Sultan Chand & Sons. 2004.
- 3. Vogl's text book of quantitative Inorganic Analysis Longman press.
- 4. Text book of qualitative Inorganic Analysis Vogel ELBS III edn 1976, IV edn 1985.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Theoretical inorganic Chemistry, M.C.day Jr and J.Selbin. Reinhold, Newyork 1962.
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry Shriver & Atkins 3rd edn, Oxford University Press 1999.
- 3. The nature of the chemical Bond, L.Pauling 3rd edn, Cornell University Press,Newyork 1960.
- 4. Inorganic chemistry J.Huheey, Harper's Row Publishers.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Current Science.
- 2. Education in Chemistry.
- 3. Journal of Nuclear Chemistry.
- 4. Journal of American Chemical Society.

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- www.virtlab.com
- http://nptel.ac.in
- MATLAB
- mooc.org
- http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Identify the different extraction methods -concentration, reduction and
COT	refining processes and apply it for Ti, V, Cr and Nickel.
CO 2	Gain knowledge on the preparation, properties and applications of polymers
CO 2	- polysiloxanes, polysilianes, polysilicates
CO 3	Demonstrate the important applications of Cast iron, Plain carbon, Alloy
CO 3	steels, Copper, Aluminium and their alloys.
CO 4	Explain the extraction and separation techniques of Inner transition elements
CO 4	such as thorium and uranium
CO 5	Identify the different elements of symmetry, predict the point group - $(C_{2V},$
	C _{3V} & C _{2h} only) and to determine the structures of few crystal systems

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3
CO 2	3	2	3	2	3
CO 3	2	2	3	3	3
CO 4	3	2	3	2	2
CO 5	3	3	1	3	1
Average	2.8	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.4

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTERS – III & IV MAJOR PRACTICALS

Title of the Course: Core 6- Practical 2- Inorganic Qualitative Analysis

Course Code: CH 18/4C/PR2 Credits: 4

Teaching hours: $30 \times 3 = 90$

Analysis of a mixture containing two anions one of which is interferring and two cations.

Anions:

Non interfering Cl⁻ Br⁻, CO₃²⁻, SO₄²⁻ and NO₃⁻

Interferring PO₄³⁻, BO₃³⁻, AsO₃³⁻, F-, C₂O₄²⁻ and CrO₄²⁻

Cations: Pb²⁺, Cu²⁺, Bi³⁺, Cd²⁺, Fe²⁺, Fe³⁺, Al³⁺, Co²⁺, Ni²⁺, Zn²⁺, Mn²⁺, Ba²⁺, Ca²⁺, Sr²⁺, Mg²⁺ and NH₄⁺

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Achieve skill in analysing the inorganic mixture systematically containing the two anions (interfering and non – interfering)
CO 2	Separate the two common cations under individual group separation and analyze the mixture for the cations present.
CO3	Write and submit a report on the systematic analysis of the inorganic mixture

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	2	3	2	1	2
CO 2	2	3	2	1	2
CO3	2	3	2	1	2
Average	2	3	2	1	2

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Hands on Practical Training, Demonstration

End Semester Practical Examination

II B.Sc Chemistry-Semesters-III & IV

QUESTION BANK

Title of the Course: Core 6-Practical 2-Inorganic Qualitative Analysis

Course Code: CH18/4C/PR2 Time: 3hrs
Max. Marks: 60

Analyze systematically the given mixture and report for one interfering anion, one non- interfering anion and two cations

SCHEME OF VALUVATION

Total Marks = 100 (CA 40+End Semester 60)

Each metal ion 24 marks (2 x 12 marks)

Non- Interfering anion 12 marks

Interfering anion 14 marks

Record 10 marks

Total 60

COURSE PROFILE - SEMESTER V							
Course Code	Course Title	Hours/	Credits		Mai	rks	
		Week	Week		SE	Total	
CH18/5C/PHY	Core 7- Physical Chemistry	Core 7- Physical Chemistry 4 4		40	60	100	
CH18/5C/OC2	Core 8-Organic Chemistry II	4	4	40	60	100	
CH18/5C/IC2	Core 9- Inorganic Chemistry II	4	4	40	60	100	
CH18/5C/ANC	Core 10-Analytical Chemistry	4	4	40	60	100	
CH18/5E/SPE	Elective 1 - Spectroscopy	5	5	40	60	100	
CH18/5S/POC	Self Study Paper for Advanced						
(OR)	learners - Polymer Chemistry		2		100	100	
CH18/5S/FOC Self Study Paper for Advar- learners - Polymer Chemis			2		100	100	
	*Core Practical 3 – Organic Chemistry	3	-	-	-	-	
	*Core Practical 4 – Gravimetric Analysis	3	-	-	-	-	
*Core Practical 5- Physical Chemistry		3	-	-	-	-	
	Total	30	21/23				

CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester marks

SEMESTER - V

Title of the Course: Core 7- Physical Chemistry

Teaching hours: 15 X 4= 60 hrs Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/5C/PHY LTP 310

Objectives:

- 1. To study the colligative properties and Nernst distribution law.
- 2. To understand the concepts in ionic equilibria.
- 3. To learn principles and photochemical processes.
- 4. To study the atomic structures in terms of quantum mechanical principles.
- 5. To study the Phase equilibria.

COURSE OUTLINE

<u>UNIT I:</u> Colligative Properties: Osmosis and Osmotic pressure, Determination of molar mass of the solute from vapour pressure lowering, elevation in boiling point, Depression in freezing point and Osmotic pressure measurements. Vant Hoffs factors and deviations. Nernst distribution law, validity of the law, thermodynamic derivation, deviation from distribution Law – association, dissociation and chemical combination of the solute with one of the solvents. Applications – association and dissociation of a solute, complex ions and solvent extraction.

UNIT II: Ionic Equilibria: Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect. Salt hydrolysis- calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions. Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salt – applications of solubility product principle.
 12hrs

<u>UNIT III:</u> Photochemistry – Difference between thermal and photochemical processes – Laws of photochemistry – Grothus- Draper law, Beer-Lamberts law and Stark Einsteins law-Quantum yield. Jablonski diagram depicting various processes in excited state, Qualitative description of fluorescence, Phosphoresence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), Photosensitization and Chemiluminescence.

12hrs

- UNIT IV: Quantum Chemistry: Failures of classical theory, Black Body radiation, quantum theory of radiation, photoelectric effect, dual character of electron-de Broglie equation-Davisson and Germer experiment. Bohr's model atom (no derivation), spectrum of hydrogen atom, Compton effect, Heinsberg uncertaininty principle, postulates of quantum mechanics, Schrodinger wave equation (no derivation), significance of Ψ and Ψ²Eigen values and eigen functions.
 12 hrs
- <u>UNIT V</u>: Phase Equilibria: Definition of terms-phase, component, degrees of freedom, Gibbs phase rule (Statement only). Applications to one component systems-water, sulphur systems. Two component system- solid-liquid equilibria. Simple eutectic-Lead-silver system. Compound formation with congruent melting point-Magneisum-zinc system. Incongruent melting point-sodium-potassium system. Salt-hydrates- KI- water, FeCl₃- water, freezing mixtures.

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Principles of Physical Chemistry Puri and Sharma and Pathania 2003 Millenium edition, Vishal Publishing Co.
- 2. Undergraduate Physical Chemistry, Gurtu. Gurthu Volume I, II, III 5th edition (2013), Pragathi Prakashan
- 3. Text Book of Physical Chemistry P.L.Soni O.P.Dharmarha U.N.Dash, Sultan Chand and Sons, 22nd revised edition.
- 4. Physical Chemisry, Peter Atkins. Julio De Paula, Ninth edition (2010), Oxford University press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Physical Chemistry by Bhal and Arun Bhal.
- 2. Photochemistry by Arora.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of Polymer Research

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
	Perform calculations using mathematical equation that describes colligative
CO 1	effects .Understand Nernst distribution law and causes for deviation from
	law
CO 2	Acquire in-depth knowledge about ionization of acids and bases, solve
CO 2	problems related to ionization, pH, solubility product and buffer solutions
CO 3	Explain various photochemical laws and Jablonski diagram depicting
CO 3	various photophysical methods
	Analyse the need for quantum mechanics and the failure of classical
CO 4	mechanics, solve simple eigen value problems by using operator algebra and
	familiarise Schrodinger Wave equation
CO 5	Acquire knowledge of various components of system and learns basic terms
CO 3	of phase equilibria, plots of simple and compound phase diagram

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	2	3	3	3	1
CO 2	3	2	3	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2
CO 4	2	3	3	3	1
CO 5	3	3	3	3	1
Average	2.6	2.8	3	2.8	1.2

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated -2 Weakly correlated -1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

Knowledge level	Section	ection Word Limit		Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER-V

Title of the Course: Core 8-Organic Chemistry-II

Teaching hours: $15 \times 4 = 60$ Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/5C/OC2 LTP 310

Objectives:

1. To understand the concepts of stereoisomerism and asymmetric synthesis.

- 2. To study the structure and properties of Carbohydrates.
- 3. To study the conformational analysis of open chain compounds and cyclohexane ring systems
- 4. To study the mechanism of some rearrangement reactions .
- 5. To study the chemistry of natural products- Alkaloids and Terpenes

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I: Stereoisomerism: Definition-classification into optical and geometrical isomerisms. Gerometric isomerism-cis and trans isomers, syn and anti and E, Z-nomenclature, Methods of assigning configuration, Auwer's skita rule. Optical isomerism-Optical activity-Specific rotations. Conditions for optical activity-assymmetrical center-chirality-chiral and achiral molecules-meaning of + and-/ d and l notations- Elements of symmetry-Racemisation-methods of racemisation and mechanism of racemisation-Resolution- methods of resolution(mechanical, seeding, biochemical and conversion into diastereoisomers)- Assymmetric synthesis-partial and asymmetric synthesis, Walden inversion, Projection formulae- Fischer, Flying Wedge, Saw horse and Newmann Projection formulae- Configurational notations of optical isomers-D and L notations, Cahn Ingold and Prelog rules-R,S-notations of optical isomers with one and two asymmetric carbons-Erythro and Threo representations.

UNIT II: Carbohydrates: Carbohydrates-classification, constitution of glucose and fructose. Reactions of glucose and fructose-osazone formation, mutarotation and its mechanism-cyclic structures-pyranose and furanose forms. Haworth projection formula, Epimerisation. Configuration of monosaccharides -chain lengthening and chain shortening of aldoses, Interconversion of aldoses and ketoses. Disaccharides-Properties and structure of sucrose & maltose (Structural elucidation not necessary). Polysaccharides- Properties and structure of starch and cellulose (Structural elucidation not necessary.

- <u>UNIT III</u>: Conformation Analysis: Introduction of the terms conformers, configuration, dihedral angle, torsional strain and conformational analysis. Conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane with energy diagrams Conformers of Cyclohexane-boat, chair and skew boat forms-axial and equatorial bonds-ring flipping. 12hrs
- <u>UNIT IV:</u> Molecular Rearrangements: Classification as Anionotropic, Cationotropicintermolecular and intramolecular rearrangement. Mechanism of rearrangements-Pinacol-pinacolone, Beckmann, Benzidine, Hoffmann, Curtius, Benzil-Benzilic acid and Claisen rearrangments.

 12hrs
- <u>UNIT V</u>: Natural Products: Terpenoids-classification, isoprene rule, Camphor and Alpha Pinene-structural elucidation. Alkaloids-general methods of isolation and general methods of structure determination of Connine, Piperine and Nicotine. Vitamins-Thiamine, Riboflavin, Pyridoxine and Ascorbic acid-Structure, occurrence and biological importance- structural elucidation of Ascorbic acid only.
 12hrs

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Stereochemistry: Conformation and Mechanism by P.S.Kalsi , 7^{th} New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers , 2015
- 2. Organic Chemistry by Morrison & Boyd ,7th edn , Pearson India 2011
- 3. Organic chemistry by Finar Vol I ,Pearson Education; 5 edition (2002)
- 4. Organic chemistry by Finar Vol II, Pearson Education; 5 edition (2002)

REFERENCES BOOKS:

- 1. Stereochemistry of carbon compounds by L.Eliel Mac Graw Hill
- 2. Chemistry of Natural Production by Gurdeep .R.Chatwal. Himalaya Publishing
- 3. UG-Organic Chemistry, Volume I, Jagadamba Singh & L.D.S. Yadav, 8th edition 2013.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
	Explain the concept of stereochemistry, apply Cahn Ingold Preglog rules to
CO 1	assign stereo chemical descriptors R &S and E&Z. Concept of racemisation
	, resolution and asymmetric synthesis
	Classify carbohydrates, understand the constitution and structure of
CO 2	monosaccharides, structure and properties of di and poly saccharides,
	interconversion of monosaccharides
CO 3	Understand the concept of conformational analysis of acyclic alkanes and
CO 3	cyclohexane and draw energy profile diagram
CO 4	Classification of molecular rearrangements, mechanism of various molecular
CO 4	rearrangement reactions and its applications
CO 5	Elucidate the structure of few natural products -Alkaloids, terpenoids and
	water soluble vitamins

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	2	3	2
CO 4	3	2	3	2	2
CO 5	3	2	3	2	3
Average	3	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.4

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0 Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk), Problem solving, Seminar, use of models ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER - V

Title of the course: Core 9- Inorganic Chemistry-II

Teaching hours: $15 \times 4 = 60$ Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/5C/IC2 L T P 3 1 0

Objectives:

1. To focus on the basics of co-ordination chemistry,

- 2. To impart knowledge about various theories of co-ordination chemistry
- 3. To study about the stability constants of co-ordination complexes and its applications
- 4. To concentrate on Bio-Inorganic chemistry stressing on the role of metal ions in biological system.
- 5. To understand the structure and bonding in organometallic compounds.

COURSE OUTLINE

- <u>UNIT I:</u> Introduction to coordination compounds: ligand classification, nomenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in complexes-ionization, hydrate, position, linkage, geometrical, and optical isomerisms. Kinetic vs Thermodynamic stability of complexes..

 12hrs
- UNIT II: Coordination Chemistry I: Theories of coordination-Werner, Sidgwick, EAN rule, Pauling's valence bond theory, Electroneutrality principle, Pi bonding concept, Inner & outer orbital complexes-Merits & Demerits. Crystal Field Theory, Octahedral and tetrahedral splitting,10 Dq, Stabilization energy-CFSE. Measurement of 10Dq. Factors affecting 10Dq-Spectrochemical Series-Jahn Teller effect.
 12hrs
- <u>UNIT III:</u> Coordination Chemistry II Stability constant- stepwise and overall stability constant, Job's method, Chelate effect. Introduction to macrocyclic ligand- Crown ethers. Synthesis and applications. Factors affecting stability of complexes. Chelate complexes with ethylene diammine, EDTA, DMG. Applications of complexes in Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis.

 12hrs
- <u>UNIT IV</u>: Oxygen carriers: Haemoglobin, Myoglobin, Bohr effect, Perutz mechanism-oxygen dissociation curves-Vitamin B12-Role of Cobalt-Zinc containing enzymes-Carboxy peptidase, Carbonic anhydrase. Function of Na⁺/K⁺ Mechanism of ion pump-Role of Calcium. Role of Copper in ascorbic acid oxidase, Function of ceruloplasmin, Transamination reactions- Role of Magnesium in Hexakinase.

 12hrs
- <u>UNIT V</u>: Organometallic chemistry: Ferrocene-Preparation Reactivity. Carbonyls and nitrosyls Structure and bonding-Preparation Reactivity. Alkene and Alkyne complexes. π bonding. Zeisse salt. Organo lithium and Boron complexes. 12hrs

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Principles of Inorganic chemistry B.R.Puri, L.R.Sharma & K.C.Kalia 28th edn, Vallabh Publications, 2003.
- 2. Co-ordination Chemistry, D. Banerjea, Tata McGraw Hill, 1993.
- 3. Vogel's text book of quantitative Inorganic Analysis Longman press.
- 4. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E.Huheey, Harper & Collins NY, IV edn.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Inorganic Chemistry D.F.Shrivers, P.W.Atkins, Oxford University Press, 3rd Edn. 1999.
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry K.F.Purcell & J.C.Kotz Swb Saunders Co. 1977.
- 3. Co-ordination Chemistry SFA Kettle, ELBS, 1973.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Apply crystal field theory to describe magnetic properties of coordination
	compounds, stability of metal complexes and calculate thermodynamic
	parameters
CO 2	Create an overview knowledge on the stereochemistry of coordination
	compounds and elucidate the structure of metal complexes
CO 3	Formulate various extraction and separation techniques of transition metals.
CO 4	Explain and demonstrate the relationship between chemistry and biology in
	metabolic pathway
CO 5	Apply the knowledge about structure, bonding, stability and reactivity of
	simple organometallic complexes

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	1	3	2
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2
CO 3	3	2	3	3	3
CO 4	3	2	1	1	3
CO 5	3	2	2	2	2
Average	3	2.4	1.8	2.2	2.4

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$ $Teaching\ Methodology:\ Lecture\ (Chalk\ and\ Talk)$

Bloom's Category	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER-V

Title of the Course: Core 10-Analytical Chemistry

Teaching hours: $15 \times 4 = 60$ Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/5C/ANC L T P 3 1 0

Objectives:

1. To impart knowledge and skill in data analysis, separation techniques,

- 2. To expose to electro analytical techniques
- 3. To introduce computer applications in chemistry.
- 4. To study the various separation techniques Chromatography
- 5. To study the principle and estimation of ions by colourimetric methods

COURSE OUTLINE

- **UNIT I: Data Analysis:** Theory of errors-idea of significant figures and its importance with examples. Precision, Accuracy-methods of expressing accuracy-error analysis, minimizing errors, methods of expressing precision-average deviation-standard deviation and confidence limit. Reporting of data, Presentation of tabulated data, scatter diagram, Method of least squares, correlation for straight lines only. **12hrs**
- <u>UNIT II:</u> Colorimetric Analysis: Lambert's Law, Beer Lamberts Law, Validity and application, Methods of Colour Measurement using Duboscq Colorimeter, Photoelectric Colorimeter, Colorimetric estimation of selected ions- Fe,Ni,Cr, Determination of composition of complexes

 12hrs
- <u>UNIT III</u>: Electro analytical methods: Polarography concentration polarization-DME-convection, migration and diffusion current-Ilkovic equation (derivation not required). Experimental assembly-electrodes-solutions current voltage curve Effect of oxygen -Applications. Electrogravimetry: Introduction, theory, instrumentation for constant-Current methods. Applications 12hrs
- <u>UNIT IV</u>: Separation and Purification Techniques: Separation techniques-principles involved in the separation of precipitates-solvent extraction. Purification of solid organic compounds-solvent extraction. Chromatography-Principles of adsorption, column chromatography-TLC and paper chromatography-R_f values-applications. Ion exchange Chromatography-principle experimental Techniques-applications-separation of Zn-Mg, Co-Ni, Cd-Zn and chloride-Bromide. 12hrs

UNIT V: Introduction to computers & its Applications: Introduction to Computers-Characteristics of a Computer, Types of Computers, Block Diagram of a digital Computer Input & Output devices, memory Storage Systems. Central Processing Unit, Binary Numbers, Floating Points, Computational errors. Computer viruses high level and low level languages. Basic Introduction to C, Importance of C, Sample C programs, Basic Structure of C programs. Programming Style- Executive C program., algorithmic flow chart, Character set, C tokens Keywords and Identifiers Variable constant and data types. Declaration of variables. Deferring Symbolic Constants (Basic Constants Only). Application of C program in Chemistry: Determination of normality, Molarity and Molality of solutions, Calculation of pH, Internet Service- Provides in India, Terms used in internet www.http, html, URL, TCP/IP bandwidth, dial-up services, ISDN. E-mail-free e-mail providers, search engines uses of internet for chemistry, data base.

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Elements of Analytical Chemistry –R.Gopalan,P.S.Subramanian and K.Rengarajan Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 2. Instrumental methods of analysis by H.Willard, W.Merrit, J Dean. 6th edn Van Nostrand 1981
- 2. Computers and their applications to chemistry Ramesh Kumari, Narosa.
- 3. Text book of quantitative inorganic analysis- Vogal ELBS III Edition, (1976) and IV Edition (1985)
- 4. Polarography by Kapoor Sultan and Chand
- 5. ANSCIC by Balgurusamy

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Analyse data and prepare reports with precision and accuracy
CO 2	Utilize the principle and Instrumentation of Thermo analytical techniques in examining the thermal behaviour of complexes
CO 3	Demonstrate Electroanalytical methods and apply them in relevant fields
CO 4	Explain the preparation and separation techniques of various compounds.
CO 5	Compute the various volumetric parameters and constants employing Basic C-programs and Internet usage

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	2	3	2	3	1
CO 2	3	3	2	2	3
CO 3	3	3	2	2	2
CO 4	3	3	2	2	2
CO 5	3	3	2	2	2
Average	2.8	3	2	2.2	2

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk, LCD), Flipped Learning – E Content, Videos, Problem solving, Seminar, Quiz

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER-V

Title of the Course: Elective 1- Spectroscopy

Teaching hours: $15 \times 5 = 75$ Credits: 5

Course Code: CH18/5E/SPE L T P 4 1 0

Objective:

1. To introduce spectroscopy at basic level.

- 2. To learn the principles of various techniques.
- 3. To understand the working and instrumentation.
- 4. To study the applications of spectroscopic techniques.
- 5. To elucidate the structure of compounds.

COURSE OUTLINE

- UNIT I: Infrared Spectroscopy: origin of IR spectroscopy-Simple Harmonic oscillator model of vibrator-Zero point energy-Force constant & bond strengths-Anharmonicity-Morse potential energy diagram- Energy of vibrational levels. Rotational fine structure, Born-Oppenheimer approximation, normal modes of vibration, fundamentals, overtones, hot bands, selection rules. Instrumentation, single and double beam instrument- Applications-Organic structural elucidation-simple problems, Hydrogen bonding, kinetic studies, identifying cis-trans isomers, linkage isomers, tautomers, impurity detection—quality control-Base line correction method-Quantitative application.
 15hrs
- **UNIT II:** Raman Spectroscopy: Origin-Stokes and antistokes lines-Quantum theory- Classical theory. Vibrational Raman spectra-selection rule- polarisability ellipsoids-Changes in polarisability ellipsoids of water and CO₂ during vibrations-plot of polarisability vs displacement coordinate-rule of mutual exclusion principle-instrumentation-depolarization ratio-usefulness-connection to Raman spectroscopy-application.

 15hrs

UNIT III: UV-Vis Spectroscopy: Energy levels – molecular orbitals. Electronic transitions types-Broad nature of bands. vibrational and rotational transitions accompanying. Selection rule-Effect of Substitution and conjugation-Bathochromic, Hypsochromic, hyper and hypochromic shifts. Instrumentation-Woodward Feiser rules. Applications-ualitative and Quantitative analysis.

<u>UNIT IV: NMR Spectroscopy:</u> ¹H NMR only-Origin-Nuclear Zeeman effect. Instrumentation-Chemical shift.Factors affecting chemical shift. Spin spin coupling-fine structure, Pascals triangle-intensity ratio- Fermi contact interaction-Proton count Integration ratio. AB, AX spectrum-Exchange reaction-ethanol spectrum-AMX-Simple problems.

<u>UNIT V</u>: Mass Spectroscopy-Basic principles. Theory-Instrumentation-ion production. Molecular ion, Fragment ions, Meta stable peaks-Fragmentation pattern in alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, alcohols, & aromatic alcohols, phenols, Toluene McLafferty rearrangement-nitrogen rule-ring rule . 15hrs

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Applications of absorption spectroscopy of organic compounds by J.Dyer
- 2. Spectroscopy of Organic chemistry by P.S.kalsi.

REFERENCE TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp 3rd edn W.H.Freeman & Co,1991
- 2. Spectroscopic methods in organic chemistry by Silverstein Bassler
- 3. Instrumental method of analysis by H.Willard, W.Merrit, J Dean. 6th edn Van Nostrand 1981
- 4. Fundamental of molecular spectroscopy, C.N.Banwell McGraw Hill Newyork 1966

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Understand the principle instrumentation and applications of infrared
COT	spectroscopy in functional group identification and quantitative applications
CO 2	Comprehend the principle ,instrumentation and applications of Raman
CO 2	Spectroscopy
CO 3	Outline the basic principle, Instrumentation technique and applications of UV
CO 3	spectroscopy.
CO 4	Explain the theory, Instrumentation and applications of NMR spectroscopy
CO 5	Summarise the basic principle and theory behind Mass spectra and understand
003	McLafferty rearrangement

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	2	1	2
CO 2	3	3	2	2	1
CO 3	3	3	2	2	1
CO 4	3	3	2	1	1
CO 5	3	3	2	2	1
Average	3	3	2	1.6	1.2

KEY : Strongly correlated $-3\ Moderately$ correlated -2 Weakly correlated -1 No Correlation -0

 $\textbf{Teaching Methodology:} \ \, \text{Lecture (CHALK \& TALK, LCD) , Flipped Learning - E Content, Videos, Problem solving, Seminar, Quiz }$

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

Semester-V

Self Study Paper for Advanced Learners

Title of the Course: Polymer Chemistry Credits: 2

Course Code: CH18/5S/POC

Objectives:

1. To learn the importance of polymers

- 2. To study the techniques for characterization of polymers
- 3. To study the various structure and properties of polymers
- 4. To study the processing of polymers
- 5. To appreciate the significance and applications of polymers

<u>Unit- I:</u> Basics: Importance of polymers-Basic Concepts-Monomers, repeat units, degree of polymerization. Linear, branched and network polymers. Classification of polymers. Polymerization-condensation, addition, radical, chain-ionic and co-ordination and co-polymerization. Polymerization conditions and polymer reactions. Polymerization in homogenous and heterogenous systems.

Unit-II: Polymer Characterization: Polydispersion-average molecular weight concept-Number, weight and viscosity average molecular weights. Polydispersity and molecular weight distribution. The practical significance of molecular weight. Measurement of molecular weights-End group, viscocity, light scattering, osmotic and ultracentrifugation methods. Analysis and testing of polymers- chemical analysis of polymers, spectroscopic methods, X-ray diffraction study, microscopy. Thermal analysis and physical testing-tensile strength. Fatigue, impact, Tear resistance. Hardness and abrasion resistance.

Unit-III: Structure and Properties: Morphology and order in crystalline polymers-configurations of polymer chains. Crystal structures of polymers- Morphology of crystalline polymers, strain-induced morphology, crystallization and melting. Polymer structure and physical properties-crystalline melting point Tm-melting points of homogenous series, effect of chain flexibility and other steric factors, entropy and heat of fusion. The glass transition temperature, Tg-Relationship between Tm and Tg, effects of molecular weight, diluents, chemical structure, chain topology, branching and cross linking. Property requirements and polymer utilization.

Unit –IV:Polymer Processing: Plastics, elastomers and fibres-Compounding, Processing techniques-calendering, die casting, rotational casting, film casting, injection moulding, blow moulding, extrusion moulding, thermoforming, foaming, reinforcing and fibre spinning.

Unit- V: Properties of Commercial Polymers: Polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, polyamides, polyesters, phenolic resins, epoxy resins and silicone polymers. Functional polymers-Fire retarding polymers and electrically conducting polymers. Biomedical polymers-contact lens, dental polymers, artificial heart, kidney, skin and blood cells.

Reference Books:

- 1. Textbook of Polymer Science, F.W. Billmeyer Jr, Wiley
- 2. Polymer Science, V.R. Gowariker, N.V. Viswanathan and J. Sreedhar, Wiley-Eastern
- 3. Functional Monomers and Polymers, K.Takemoto, Y. Inaki and RM. Ottanbrite
- 4. Contemporary Polymer Chemistry, H.R. Alcock and F.W. Lambe, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Physics and Chemistry of Polymers, J.M.G. Cowie, Blackie Academic and Professional

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Gain depth knowledge on various types of polymerization method
CO 2	Learn to characterize polymers by various techniques such as spectroscopy, XRD and microscopy
CO 3	Correlate the structure of polymers with their properties
CO 4	Describe different polymer processing techniques
CO 5	Acquire knowledge regarding the application of functional and biomedical polymers

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K2,K3	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K3, K4	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K4, K5	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

Semester- V Self Study Paper for Advanced Learners

Title of the Course: Food Chemistry

Course Code: CH18/5S/FOC Credits: 2

Objectives:

- 1. To familiarize students about food chemistry and its nutritional importance.
- 2. To study the importance of Nutrition & balanced diet.
- 3. To acquire knowledge on modern food & Beverages.
- 4. To understand food adulteration & poisoning method.
- 5. To know the chemistry of food preservation method, processing & packing technology.
- **<u>UNIT-I:</u>** Food: Sources of food, functions of food, constitutions of food, food groups, usage of food, food in relation to health, advantages & disadvantages.
- <u>UNIT-II</u>: Nutrition & Balanced diet: Nutrition Calorific value of food stuff RQ of food (Respiratory quotient of food) basal metabolic rate factors influencing BMR, specific dynamic action of food (SDA). Energy requirement of individual diet & its componenting, protein requirements- Nutritional value of carbohydrates fibers in the diet, dietary sugars nutritional aspects of lipids.
- <u>UNIT-III:</u>Modern food & Beverages: Snack foods, production of bread, bun & biscuits, candy manufacturing, caromelisation, fast foods, instant food, dehydrated food, spicy foods, Beverages soft drinks, fruit juices, soda & alcoholic beverages (Types & content of alcohol). Ex: carbonation, addition to alcohol, cirrhosis of liver and social problems.
- <u>UNIT-IV:</u>Food adulterations & food poisoning: Food adulteration intentional, unintentional common adulteration in food items milk, oil, ghee, butter, wheat, rice, coffee powder, tea powder, Chili & Turmeric powder. Food poisoning Diseases due to food stuff- first aid to food poisoning causes and remedies for acidity, gastritis, indigestion & constipation.
- <u>UNIT-V:</u> Quality control: Food preservation & processing, food determination, methods of preservation, and food processing, Specifications & standards PFA, FPO, FDA, AGMARK, DRUG LICENCE, WHO STANDARDS. ISI Specifications, packaging of foods, classification, material usage of packing.

Reference Books:

- 1. Swaminathan. M., Advanced text book on Food and Nutrition, volume I and II printing and publishing CO., Ltd., Bangalore. 1993.
- 2. Owen R Fennema, Food chemistry, Marcel Decker Inc., New York. 1996.
- 3. Srilakshmi. B., Food Science, New age International Pvt. Ltd. Publisher, III ed. 2003
- 4. Sivasanker. B., Food Processing and Preservation. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2002.
- 5. Alex V. Ramani, "Food Chemistry", MJP Publishers, Chennai, 2009.
- 6. Seema Yadav, Food chemistry, Anmol Publishing Ltd, New Delhi.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Explain various sources, constituents of food and usage of food in relation to health
CO 2	Understand the concept of balanced diet and create awareness about nutritional
CO 2	requirements
CO 3	Discuss the effect of modern food & beverages on social problems
CO 4	Assess food adulteration, its causes and remedies for the problems
CO 5	Discuss the importance of food preservation and quality control in Food
CO 3	chemistry

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K2,K3	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K3, K4	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K4, K5	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

COURSE PROFILE - SEMESTER VI						
Course Code	Course Title	Hours/	Credits		N	Iarks
		Week		CA	SE	Total
CH18/6C/APC	Core 11-Applied Chemistry	4	3	40	60	100
CH18/6C/PHA	Core 12-Pharmaceutical Chemistry	4	4	40	60	100
CH18/6E/CKE	Elective 2 – Chemical Kinetics and Electrochemistry	5	5	40	60	100
CH18/6E/MAC	Elective 3- Materials Chemistry	5	5	40	60	100
CH18/6C/PR3	*Core 13 – Practical 3-Organic Chemistry	4	3	40	60	100
CH18/6C/PR4	*Core 14 – Practical 4 - Gravimetric Analysis	4	3	40	60	100
CH18/6C/PR5	*Core 15-Practical 5 - Physical Chemistry	4	3	40	60	100
	Total	30	26			
Credits at	the end of 6 semesters		139/142			_
Part V	NCC/NSS/Sports/CSS	-	1	-	-	_
	Total Credits		140/143			

CA= Continuous Assessment marks, SE= End Semester marks

SEMESTER- VI

Title of the Course: Core 11- Applied Chemistry

Teaching hours: $15 \times 4 = 60$ Credits: 3

Course Code: CH18/6C/APC L T P 3 1 0

Objectives:

1. To know the processes involved in dairy products, sugar and paper manufacture.

- 2. To inculcate basic knowledge and awareness in agricultural chemistry
- 3. To minimize the use of hazardous substance through Green chemistry.
- 4. To learn the need of chemistry in agriculture.
- 5. To get exposure in usage of chemical products in day to day life.

COURSE OUTLINE

- <u>UNIT I:</u> Dairy Chemistry: Milk definition, general composition-physico changes taking place in milk due to boiling, pasteurization, sterlization and homogenisation explanation. Components of milk lipids, proteins carbohydrates vitamins, ash and mineral matters names and functions. Definition and compositions of cream, butter, ghee, ice-cream, stabilizer and emulsifier. Milk powder, definition and need for making manufacture of whole milk powder by spray drying process. 12hrs
- UNIT II: Sugar And Paper Industry: Sugar industry: double sulphitation process, refining and grading of sugar. Saccharin synthesis and uses of sugar substitute. Ethanol: manufacture from molasses by fermentation. Paper industry: manufacture of paper: production of sulphite pulp and conversion to paper (bleaching, filling, sizing and calendaring)

 12hrs
- UNIT III: Green Chemistry: What is green chemistry, Need for green chemistry, Green solvents- PEG,ionic liquids, supercritical fluids, how to compare greenness of solvents. Biocatalysis: importance of biocatalysis in green chemistry. Future trends in Green Chemistry Oxidation reagents and catalysts, combinational green chemistry, Green chemistry in sustainable development.

 12 hrs
 - <u>UNIT IV:</u> Cosmetic Chemistry: Soaps & detergents- Types of soaps, cleansing action of soaps, synthetic detergents face powder, Shampoos and Tooth paste –General methods of preparation and uses. Essential oils & their importance in cosmetic

industry with respect to Geraniol, sandalwood oil, rose oil, Eucalyptus. Hazards of cosmetics 12hrs

<u>UNIT V</u>: Chemistry in daily life: Synthetic food Additives, Preservatives, colourants and flavours Water treatment: Domestic waste water treatment -Treatment by primary and secondary process. Glass: composition, manufacture and uses Cement: Manufacture: wet and dry process, composition and setting of cement **Batteries**: Primary and secondary batteries, Working of following batteries: Pb storage and Li – battery, Solar cell

RECOMMENEDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Fundamentals of Applied chemistry by Jayshree Ghosh Sultan chand & co
- 2. Industrial Chemistry by B.K.Sharma.Goel publishing house.
- 3. Elements of Analtyical Chemistry by R Gopalan P.S Subramaniyan K. Rangarajan Sultan & co

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Frontiers in Applied Chemistry, Biswas. A.K., Narosa publishing house, 1989
- 2. Applied Chemisry Vermain, O.P, Narula A.C, theory and books
- 3. Industrial Chemistry E.Stocchi:, Vol –I, Ellis Horwood Ltd.UK.
- 4. Agricultural Chemistry B.A Yagodin (Ed)., 2 volumes, MIR publishers (Moscow), 1976.
- 5. Riegel's Handbook of Industrial chemistry J.A. Kent:, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 6. New Trends in Green Chemistry by Ahluwalia, V.K & Kidwai, MR, Anamalaya publishers (2005).
- 7. Introduction to green chemistry, Matlack, A.S.Marcel Dekker (2001)
- 8. Text book of Cosmetology by Mary Healy Eastern Economy Reagents/Prentice Hall Edition
- 9. The complete book of beauty care Aruna Anand

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Education in Chemistry
- 2. Current Science

WEBSITES &e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Explain different processes involved in dairy products - boiling, pasteurization,
COT	sterlization and homogenisation
	Describe various steps in sugar industry - double sulphitation process,
CO 2	refining, grading of sugar and explain the process required for manufacture
	of paper industry
CO 3	Acquire knowledge on the importance of green chemistry and compare the
CO 3	greenness of various solvents
CO 4	Study importance of cosmetic chemistry and their applications in soaps and
CO 4	detergents, tooth paste, Oils, Shampoos.
CO 5	Gain knowledge in the use of chemistry in daily life and study about the
CO 3	various waste water treatments

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	2	3	2	3
CO 5	3	3	3	2	3
Average	3	2.6	3	2.4	3

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

 $\textbf{Teaching Methodology:} \ \, \textbf{Lecture} \ \, (\ \, \textbf{Chalk \& Talk,} \,)$

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER-VI

Title of the Course: Core 12-Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Teaching hours: 15 x 4= 60 Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/6C/PHA LTP 3 1 0

Objectives:

- 1. To make the student understand important of terminologies ,the cause and treatment involved in common diseases.
- 2. To focus on the drugs which are essential as antibiotics
- 3. To provide information on the classification and the importance of anaesthetics
- 4. To focus on the clinical uses and adverse effects of analgesics
- 5. To focus on the blood composition and its importance in terms of hematological agents

COURSE OUTLINE:

- UNIT I: Introduction-Terminologies used-molecular pharmacology, pharmacodynamics, pharmacophore, metabolites, antimetabolites, bacteria virus fungi-Clinical chemistry-causes of common diseases and their treatment by drugs- Jaundice, piles, leprosy, epilepsy, typhoid, malaria, cholera, filarial, cancer-diagnostic tests for sugar, salt, cholestrol in blood and urine-First aid in emergencies. 12hrs
- <u>UNIT II</u>: Antibiotics Definition and mode of action. Structure and clinical uses of chloroamphenical, penicilin, Streptomycin and tetracyclines. SAR and synthesis of chloramphenical and penicillin only. Hypoglycemic drugs and antineoplastic drugs.

12hrs

- <u>UNIT III</u>: Anaesthetics-Definition-general and local classification- Gaseous-nitrous oxide, ethers halothane, trichloroethylene only Intraveneous anaesthetics. Thiopentone, sodium, methohexitone and propandiol, local anaesthetics-esters-cocaine-benzocaine, procaine, amides-cinchocaine-Tranquilizers, sedatives, hypnotics and psychodelic drugs (LSD, Hashish).

 12hrs
- <u>UNIT IV</u>: Analgesics, antipyretics and anti-inflammatory agents-Classification, action and analgesics, narcotic and synthetic analgesics-pethidine and methadone. Salicylic acid and its derivatives, p-amino phenol derivatives, indolyl, aryl-acetic acid derivatives-clinical uses and adverse effects.

 12hrs
- <u>UNIT V</u>: Blood-Grouping, composition, Rh factor, Blood pressure-hypertension and hypotension Function of plasma proteins. Role of blood as oxygen carrier. Clotting mechanism-Hematological Agents-Anticoagulent and coagulant drugs-Heparin, coumarine, citric acid, quinoxaline- Vitamin K, proteins, amino acids. **12hrs**

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Pharmaceutical chemistry, Dr.S.Lakshmi, 3rd edn. Sultan and sons
- 2. A text book of synthetic drugs O.D.Tyogi M.Yadav, 4th edn 1996 ANMOL publications Pvt.Ltd
- 3. A text book of pharmaceutical chemistry Jayashree ghosh 1st edn Sultan Chand & sons.
- 4. Essentials of Bio chemistry –U.Satyanarayanan Books & Allied (p) ltd
- 5. Organisation pharmaceutical chemistry by Harikisher singh et al
- 6. Synthetic drugs O.P Agarwal
- 7. Synthetic drugs- Gurdeep Chatwal's Medical laboratory, Ramnaik –Sood

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Text books of pharmaceutical chemistry Batlay and Drivers
- 2. Text book of pharmaceutical chemistry Raviling
- 3. Bio chemistry A L Lehninger
- 4. A text book of bio chemistry S.Ambika
- 5. Medicinal chemistry A Sutosh kar New age

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Acquire knowledge on the various terms involved in pharmaceutical
COT	chemistry ,causes of common diseases , drugs and diagonstic tests
CO 2	Gain wide knowledge on structure, synthesis and clinical uses of various
CO 2	antibiotics.
CO 3	Classify anesthetics and demonstrate the need for anesthetics in human life.
CO 4	Gain knowledge on various analgesics, its clinical use and adverse effect.
CO 5	Study the main functions of blood, clotting, hypertension and hematological
	agents.

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	2	3	2
CO 4	3	2	3	2	2
CO 5	3	2	3	2	3
Average	3	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.4

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

Knowledge level	ledge level Section Word Lin		Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER - VI

Title of the Course: Elective 2 – Chemical Kinetics & Electrochemistry

Teaching hours: $15 \times 5 = 75$ Credits: 5

Course Code: CH18/6E/CKE LTP 410

Objectives:

1. To study the concepts of Chemical kinetics.

- 2. To learn the theories of Chemical kinetics.
- 3. To study the ionic conductivity.
- 4. To study the electrochemical systems.
- 5. To study the applications of emf measurements.

COURSE OUTLINE:

UNIT I: Chemical Kinetics I -: Rate of chemical reactions, factors affecting the rate of a chemical reaction, order and molecularity of a reaction. Derivation of rate constants for zero, first, second and third order reactions (equal concentration of reactants) derivation of time for half change- methods of determining order of a reaction- van't Hoff differntial rate method, integrated rate expression method, half life method and Ostwald's isolation method- experimental methods involved in the study of kinetics- volumetry, manometry, polarimetry and colorimetry.

15 hrs

- <u>Unit II:</u> Chemical Kinetics II Complex reactions reversible, parallel and consecutive reactions (only examples) Effect of temperature on the rate of reactions- Arrhenius equation, concept of energy of activation- calculation of Arrhenius parameters. Collision theory and derivation of rate constant for bimolecular reaction-Lindemann's theory of unimolecular reactions- Absolute Reaction rate theory (ARRT). Thermodynamic derivation of rate constant for a bimolecular reaction. Comparison of collision theory with ARRT- Significance of entropy and free energy of activation.
- Unit III: Electrochemistry I: Conductance in electrolytic solutions, Cell constant- Measurement cell constant, equivalent conductivity, Kholrauschs law and its application-relation between specific, equivalent and molecular conductivity, Effect of dilution on Conductivities. Ionic mobility, transport number, determination by Hittorf's and Moving boundary method, Debye-Huckel Onsager theory, equation (no derivation), verification. Debye Falkenhagen, Debye-Wein effect, Debye-Huckel limiting law (no derivation). Applications of conductivity measurements- determination of pH, Ka, Ksp, conductometric titrations-acid-base titrations and precipitation titrations.

- <u>UNIT IV</u>: Electrochemistry II: Galvanic cells- reversible and irreversible cells, e.m.f and its measurements- standard cell. Types of reversible electrodes-metal/metal ion, metal amalgam/metal ion, metal insoluble salt/anion, gas electrode, redox electrode. Electrode reaction, measurement of electrode potentials using reference electrodes-Standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode. Derivation of Nernst equation for emf of cells and electrode potentials-sign convention, sign of e.m.f and spontaneity of a reaction, calculation of ΔG and ΔH from emf data. Chemical cells with and without transport, concentration cells with and without transference.
- <u>UNIT V</u>: Electrochemistry III: Application of Gibbs Helmholtz equation in the calculation of thermodynamic quantities in Galvanic cells. Determination of pH using quinhydrone electrode and glass electrode. Potentiometric titrations- acid.-base titrations, redox titrations, precipitation titrations, valency of ions, transport-number, K_{sp} and activity coefficient of electrolytes. Irreversible electrode processes- polarisation and over voltage, decomposition voltage. Determination of decomposition voltage and over voltage. Corrosion-mechanism, types and methods of prevention.

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Text book of Physical Chemistry by Puri & Sharma 41st edn Vishal Publishing Co. 2004
- 2. Physical chemistry by Samuel Glasstone, David Lewis, Palgrave Macmillan 1993
- 3. Text book of Physical Chemistry by A.S.Negi & S.C.Anand. 1st edn New Age International
- 4. Text book of Physical Chemistry Kapoor Vol 1,2,3 & 4. MacMillan
- 5. Text Book of Physical Chemistry P.L.Soni-O.P.Dharmarha U.N.Dash, Sultan Chand and Sons, 22^{nd} revised edition.
- 6. Advanced Physical Chemistry J.N.Gurtu and A.Gurtu, A Pragathi edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Electrochemistry Samuel Glasstone
- 2. Chemical Kinetics Laidler.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Acquire in depth knowledge in theories of chemical kinetics and concepts of
COT	activation energy.
CO 2	Determine rate law of chemical change based on experiment data and be able
CO 2	to identify the reaction order of a chemical change.
	Gain knowledge of electrolytic, metallic conductivity, migration, transport
CO 3	phenomena, the skill to carry out quantitative ionic estimation by experiments
	and graphs.
CO 4	Evaluate the potential of electrochemical system based on thermodynamic
CO 4	data, derive rigorous expression for Nernst equation for emf of cell.
CO 5	Discuss the irreversible processes like passivity corrosion, and calculate
03	thermodynamics parameters of galvanic cells.

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	1
CO 2	2	3	3	3	1
CO 3	3	3	3	2	1
CO 4	2	3	3	2	1
CO 5	2	2	3	3	3
Average	2.4	2.8	3	2.6	1.4

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	$B - 5/8 \times 8 \text{ Marks}$	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER - VI

Title of the Course: Elective 3- Materials Chemistry

Teaching hours: $15 \times 5 = 75$ Hrs Credits: 5

Course Code: CH18/6E/MAC LTP 4 1 0

Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the world of polymer materials
- 2. To study the synthetic methods and characterization of polymer materials
- 3. To study the speciality materials and their applications
- 4. To introduce and give an insight into the fascinating area of nanoscience and its development.
- 5. To learn the experimental techniques of nano scale synthesis, properties and characterization.

COURSE OUTLINE

- <u>UNIT I:</u> <u>Introduction to Polymers-Classification of polymers- natural and synthetic polymers. Thermoplastic and thermosetting. Functionality- degree of polymerization. Types and mechanism of polymerization- Addition (free radical, cationic, anionic), condensation and co polymerization 15 hrs</u>
- UNIT II: Industrial Preparation characterization and application- 1) PVC 2) Polyamide 3)PMMA 4) Phenolic Formaldehyde resin 5) Polysilane 6) Poly urethane 7) Poly carbonate. Number average (Cryoscopy and Ebullioscopy) and weight average(Light scattering technique)
- UNIT III: Speciality materials- Ceramic & Refractory materials-Introduction, classification, properties, raw materials, manufacturing and applications. Basic concepts of composite materials- metal matrix, fibre polymer matrix and fibre reinforced composites.
- UNIT IV: Overview of Nano structures and Nanosynthesis- Origin of nano in ages.
 Quantum confinement- 1D,2D,3D and zero dimension. Experimental techniques for preparation, Bottom up Sol- gel, Solvothermal, Coprecipitation, Chemical Vapour and Physical Vapour deposition. Top down- Mechanical grinding, ball milling, microlithography
- <u>UNIT V:</u> Nano scale properties and nano materials- Size dependent variation in physical, chemical, optical, mechanical properties. Electrical properties- electrical conductivity, Magnetic properties- dia, para ferro and ferri and super Para magnetism. Nano materials- wires, tubes, CNT, graphene and nano clays .
 15 hrs

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Introductory polymer chemistry G.S.Mishra New Age 2007
- 2. Polymer science-V.R.Gowriker, N.V.Viswanathan and Jayadev sreedar New Age 2006
- 3. Principles of polymer science –P.Bhadur, N.V.Sastry, Alpha Science International Ltd 2005
- 4. Nanoscience and Nanotechnology: Fundamentals to Frontiers, M.S. Ramachandra Rao, Shubra Singh Wiley, India, First edition 2013.
- 5. Nano: The essentials, T. Pradeep Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. E.A.Collins, J.Bares and E.W.Billmeyer- Experiments in Polymer science, Wiley Inter science, Newyork 1973
- 2. Polymer science and Technology Joel Fried 2nd edn., Prentice Hall PTR 2003
- 3. Polymer Chemistry an introduction M.P.Steven 3rd edn., Oxford Univ Press, USA 1999.
- 4. Nanostructure & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, properties & Applications G. Cao, Imperial College Press, 2004.

PERIODICALS:

- 1. Resonance- Journal of science education
- 2. Education in Chemistry
- 3. Indian academy of sciences-proceedings- Chemical Sciences
- 4. Current Science
- 5. Journal of Indian chemical education
- 6. Journal of American chemical society

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in
- 6. http://nanozone.org/
- 7. http://www.understandingnano.com/

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Gain knowledge to classify polymer structure and explain the mechanism,
COT	kinetics of polymerisation reactions
CO 2	Learn the industrial preparation of polymers, skill to characterise polymers
COZ	in terms of structure and molecular weight
CO 3	Correlate and classify ceramics and composites on the basis of their properties
CO 3	and applications
CO 4	Differentiate atomic scale materials from macro and micro scale in terms of
CO 4	structure and preparation
CO 5	Correlate the variation of properties of materials with size and distinguish
	allotropes of carbon on dimension

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	3	2	3
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	2	3
CO 4	3	3	3	2	3
CO 5	3	3	3	2	3
Average	3	3	3	2	3

KEY: Strongly correlated -3 Moderately correlated -2 Weakly correlated -1 No Correlation - 0 Teaching Methodology: Lecture(Chalk & Talk)

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	owledge level Section W		Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER-VI

Title of the Course: Elective-3 Agricultural Chemistry

Teaching hours: 15 × 5 = 75 Credits: 5
Course Code: CH18/6E/AGC L T P 4 3 0

Objectives:

- 1. The course helps the students to acquire knowledge about the importance of Agricultural chemistry.
- 2. To familiarize the students about the chemistry of soil, herbicides, pesticides, manure for crops.
- 3. To give the students a basic knowledge in genetically modified food & various issues related to it.

<u>UNIT – I</u> Soil: Introduction to soil – soil classifications & survey – properties of soil – soil texture – soil water – soil temperature – soil colloids – soil minerals – soil pH – acidity & alkalinity – Buffering of soil – soil fertility – soil formation

15

Hrs

<u>UNIT – II</u> Fertilizers: Definition – classification of fertilizer – nitrogenous – phosphate & potash fertilizers – effect of fertilizer on plant growth – commercial method of preparation of urea, Ammonium phosphate, Triple superphosphate – Secondary nutrients – micronutrients and their function in plants.

15Hrs

<u>UNIT – III</u> Manures: Classification & importance of organic manures, properties & methods of preparation of bulky manures – Farm yard manure – fish manure – compost – Green manuring – night soil – Biogas- concentrated organic manure, importance of C: N ratio in rate of decomposition.

15Hrs

<u>UNIT – IV</u> **Pesticides:** Historical background of pesticides – classification of Pesticides – methods of pest control – insecticides – DDT, BHC – Herbicides – 2, 4 D & 2, 4, 5, 7 – fungicides – borderaux mixture. Benefits of pesticides – Adverse effects of pesticides. **15Hrs**

<u>UNIT – V</u> Genetically modified organisms: Genetically modified crops – Actualities & potential, Resistance to genetically modified foods – moral issues, political issue, health & environmental issues. Benefits of genetically modified food, organic foods.

Reference Books:

- 1. Chemistry of the Environmental, 3^{rd} Edn, 2017 Thomas G Spiro, Kathleen p Roberts, William M. Stigliani viva books, New Delhi
- 2. Agricultural Chemistry M. Subhashini, 2017, Crystal publishers, Chennai.
- 3. Brady. N. C. The Nature & properties of soils- Emasia publishing. Housae (P) Ltd.
- 4. B. A. Yagodin. Agricultural Chemistry, vol I & II Mir Publishers (Mos COW), 1976 new century books (P) Ltd.
- 5. R. Cremlyn, Pesticides, Jhone Wiley New York 1978
- 6. Jayashree Ghost., Fundamental concept of Applied 72hem., S. Chand & CO Ltd.,
- 7. T.D. Biswas & S.K. Mukejee Text book of soil Science, II edn.
- 8. A. K. De Environmental Chemistry.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement						
CO 1	Compare soil types & its properties, fertility management and formation						
CO 2	Explain the chemistry of NPK fertilizer and their function in plants						
CO 3	Classify manures and understand the concept of Green manuring						
CO 4	Analyze the benefits & effects of pesticides, insecticides, herbicides & fungicides						
CO 5	Acquire knowledge on the importance of genetically modified foods						

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO 1	3	1	3	3	2
CO 2	3	1	2	2	3
CO 3	2	1	2	2	3
CO 4	3	1	3	3	3
CO 5	3	1	2	3	2
Average	2.8	1.7	2.4	2.6	2.6

KEY: Strongly correlated -3 Moderately correlated -2 Weakly correlated -1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

Knowledge level	dge level Section Word Limit		Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTERS – V & VI

MAJOR PRACTICAL

Title of the Paper: Core 13- Practical 3- Organic Chemistry

Teaching hours: $30 \times 4 = 120$ Credits: 3

Course Code: CH18/6C/PR3

- 1. Determination of Boiling point of liquids
- * 2. Estimation of Aniline
- *3. Preparation based on the following reactions
 - (a) Oxidation
 - (b) Nitration
 - © Bromination
 - (d) Esterification
 - (e) Hydrolysis
 - (f) Diazotisation & Coupling
- 4. **Analysis of organic compounds** with one functional group & characterization with one derivative –Aromatic Aldehyde, Aromatic / Aliphatic Ketone ,Aromatic/ Aliphatic, Mono, Di, Unsaturated and saturated Carboxylic acid, Primary, secondary & Tertiary Amine, Simple Phenol, Resorcinol & β- Naphthol, Aromatic Ester, Aromatic mono amide and Diamide, Anilide, Mono Nitro and poly nitro compound and Carbohydrate (Monosaccharide).

The students will report on the following

- Aromatic/Aliphatic
- Saturated /Unsaturated
- Elements present [Nitrogen, Sulphur and halogens]
- Functional group
- Solid derivative

^{.*}For internal assessment only.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Develop skill required for qualitative analysis of organic compounds and
COT	determination of boiling point.
CO 2	Analyze organic compounds systematically and prepare and exhibit suitable
CO 2	derivatives.
CO3	Co rrelate the methodology with the theory behind the reactions, write and
CO3	submit the report for the identified organic compound

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	2	3	2
CO 2	3	2	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	2
Average	3	2	2	3	2

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0 Teaching Methodology: Hands on Practical Training, Demonstration

END SEMESTER PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

III B.Sc SEMESTERS-V & VI

QUESTION BANK

Title of the Paper: Core 13- Practical-3 Organic Chemistry

Time: 3hrs

Course Code: CH18/6C/PR3 Max. Marks: 60

- (1) Systematically carry out suitable test on the given organic substance and report on the following
 - (a) Aliphatic/ Aromatic
 - (b) Saturated/Unsaturated
 - (c) Elements present or absent-(Nitrogen, Sulphur and Halogens)
 - (d) Functional group

Confirm the above by a suitable colour reaction and prepare atleast one solid derivative and submit it for evaluation

Substances to be given-Benzaldehyde, Acetophenone, 2- Butanone , Glucose, Ethyl benzoate, Cinnamic acid, Succinic acid , Phthalic acid, Benzoic acid , Phenol ,Resorcinol, β - Naphthol, Nitrobenzene, Aniline, N,N- Dimethylaniline, Acetanilide, Benzamide, Urea

(2) Determine the boiling point of given liquid –Water, butan-2-one, butan-1-ol, Propan-2-ol

Scheme of valuation

Total marks = 100 (CA 40 and End Semester 60)

Organic analysis- 35 marks

Physical constant-15 marks

Record -10marks

60 marks

Organic analysis-(a)Aliphatic/ Aromatic-4 marks (2x2)

(b)Saturated/ Unsaturated-4 marks (2x2)

(c)Elements present or absent-6 marks (3x2)

- (d)Preliminary reaction -10 marks
- (e) functional group-6 marks
- (f) Derivative-5 marks

Physical constant- $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C - 15 marks

 $\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ - 13 marks

 $\pm 4^{\circ}\text{C}$ - 10 marks

 $>4^{\circ}C$ - 6 marks

SEMESTERS-V& VI

MAJOR PRACTICALS

Title of the Course: Core 14: Practical 4- Gravimetric Analysis

Teaching hours: $30 \times 4 = 120$ Credits: 3

Course Code: CH18/6C/PR4

- 1. Estimation of Lead as Lead chromate.
- **2.** Estimation of Zinc as Zinc Oxinate
- 3 Estimation of Barium as Barium chromate.
- 4. Estimation of Barium as Barium sulphate.
- 5. Estimation of calcium as calcium oxalate monohydrate.
- 6. Estimation of Sulphate as Barium Sulphate
- * 7 Estimation of Nickel as Nickel dimethyl glyoximate complex.
- *8. Estimation of Copper as cuprous thiocyanate.
- * 9. Estimation of Chloride as silver chloride.
- * INTERNAL ASSESSMENT ONLY

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Apply the principles of Gravimetric analysis and evaluate the weight of the
COI	precipitate using a single pan balance
CO 2	Use silica crucible for Gravimetric estimation of Ba as barium sulphate
CO 3	Use sintered crucible for Gravimetric estimation of Ni, Cu, Ca, Ba, Pb, Zn and
003	Cl

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	3	1
CO 3	3	3	3	3	1
Average	3	2.7	3	3	1.7

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Hands on Practical Training, Demonstration

END SEMESTER PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

III B.Sc Chemistry- SEMESTERS – V & VI

QUESTION BANK

Title of the Course: Core 14: Practical 4- Gravimetric Analysis

Course Code: CH18/6C/PR4

Time: 3 hrs
Max. Marks: 60

- 1. Estimate the amount of barium present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with 5% K₂CrO₄ solution.
- 2. Estimate the amount of sulphate present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with 4% BaCl₂ solution.
- 3. Estimate the amount of barium present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with 2N H₂SO₄ solution.
- 4. Estimate the amount of Lead present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with 5% K₂Cr O₄ solution.
- 5. Estimate the amount of Zinc present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with 1% Oxine solution.

SCHEME OF VALUATION

Continuous Assessment – 40 marks

End Semester – 60 marks (50 + 10 marks for Record)

Total - 100 marks
Error up to 2% - 50 marks

2.1 - 3% - 45 marks

3.1-4% - 35 marks

>4 % - 20 marks

SEMESTERS -V & VI

MAJOR PRACTICALS

Title of the Course: Core 15- Practical 5-Physical Chemistry

Teaching hours: 30 x 4 = 120 Credits: 3

Course Code: CH18/6C/PR5

1. KINETICS

Determination of rate constant

- i. I order kinetics Acid catalysed hydrolysis of an ester
- ii. II order kinetics Reaction between potassium perdisulphate and potassium iodide
- iii. Zero order kinetics Acid catalysed iodination of acetone.
- 2. Determination of K_f and Molecular Weight by Rast's Macro method

3. PHASE RULE

- i. CST of Phenol-water system
- ii. Effect of electrolyte on CST of phenol –water system and determination of concentration of the electrolyte.
- iii. Determination of transition temperature of hydrated salts- Sodium acetate, sodium thiosulphate, strontium chloride (any one)

4. ELECTROCHEMISTRY

Conductivity

- i. Determination of cell constant
- ii. Equivalent conductance of strong and weak electrolyte solutions of atleast five different concentrations and to determine $\Lambda \infty$ for strong electrolyte
- iii. Strong acid Vs Strong base HCl against NaOH
- iv. *Weak acid Vs strong base CH₃COOH against NaOH
- v. *Dissociation constant of a weak acid

5. POTENTIOMETRY

Acid base titration - HCl against NaOH

6.*DISTRIBUTION LAW

Determination of

- i. *Distribution coefficient of iodine between water and CCl₄
- ii. *Equilibrium constant of the equilibrium

$$KI + I_2 = KI_3$$

iii. *Association factor of benzoic acid in benzene.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Explain the principles of conductivity, potentiometry, kinetics and phase rule
COI	experiments
CO 2	Identify the strength of unknown solutions by potentiometric and
CO 2	Conductometric methods
CO 3	Calculate the rate constant for first order, second order kinetics, and zero
CO 3	order kinetics by carrying out appropriate experiments

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	3	2	1
CO 2	3	3	3	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	2	1
Average	3	3	3	2	1

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Hands on Practical Training, Demonstration

^{*} For Internal Assessment only.

END SEMESTER PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

III B.Sc. CHEMISTRY – SEMESTERS V & VI <u>QUESTION BANK</u>

Title of the Course: Core 15- Practical 5-Physical Chemistry

Time: 3hrs

Course Code: CH18/6C/PR5 Max. Marks: 60

- 1. Determine the rate constant for the acid catalysed hydrolysis of the given ester with the given acid solution at room temperature.
- 2. Determine the rate constant of the reaction between potassium iodide and potassium persulphate at room temperature.
- 3. Find out the rate constant for the iodination of acetone at room temperature, using the given acid solution as catalyst.
- 4. Determine the molecular weight of the given solute. You are provided with a suitable solvent whose K_f value is------
- 5. Determine the K_f of the given solvent. You are provided with a suitable solute whose molecular weight is ------
- 6. Find out the concentration of the given sodium chloride solution. You are provided with pure phenol and solutions of sodium chloride.
- 7. Determine the transition temperature of the given hydrated salt, by thermometric method.
- 8. Find out the cell constant of the given conductivity cell using 0.1M and 0.01M potassium chloride solutions, whose specific conductivities are given. Determine the equivalent conductance of the given two solutions of known concentrations.
- 9. Determine the strength of the given hydrochloric acid by conductometric titration. You are provided with sodium hydroxide of known strength
- 10. Determine the strength of the given hydrochloric acid by potentiometric titration. You are provided with sodium hydroxide of known strength

SCHEME OF VALUATION

External Marks (60) + Internal Marks (40) = 100 Marks						
	R	tecord	-	10 marks		
	N	Manipulation	-	15 marks		
	E	Experiment	-	35 marks		
				60 marks		
4	T					
1.	Kinetics	C10		Marks		
	Below a factor of		-	35		
	By a factor of 10)	-	25		
2	Above	4 0 17	-	10		
2.	Molecular Weigh	it & Kf		Marks		
	Error upto 10%		-	35		
	10 - 20%		-	30		
	Upto 30%		-	20		
	> 30%		-	10		
3.	Phenol – NaCl			Marks		
	Error upto 10%		-	35		
	10 - 20%		-	30		
	Upto 30%		-	20		
	> 30%		-	10		
4.	Transition Tem	perature		Marks		
	Error upto 2°C		-	35		
	Upto 4°C		-	30		
	Upto 6°C		-	20		
	> 6°C		-	10		

5. Conductivity

1/a Λ_1 Λ_2

Error upto 10% - 15+10+10

Upto 15% - 10+8+8

> 15% - 5+4+4

6. **Conductometric Titration** & Potentiometric Titration

Error upto 10% - 35 10 - 20% - 30 Upto 30% - 20 > 30 - 10

SEMESTER-I

(For I B.Sc. N&D / II B.Sc. AZB)

Title of the course: Allied Chemistry-General Chemistry

Teaching hours: 15 x 4 = 60 Course Code: CH18/1A/NGC CH18/3A/ZGC Credits: 4 L T P 3 1 0

Objectives:

- 1. To have knowledge in food analysis.
- 2. To impart knowledge in Stereoisomerism.
- 3. To study biochemical separation techniques and create an awareness on organic compounds used as dyes.
- 4. To understand the basic aspects of structure and bonding in Inorganic complexes
- 5. To study the applications of Co-ordination Complexes

COURSE OUTLINE

<u>UNIT I:</u>

Analysis of food products: Nutritional value of foods, idea about processing and analysis of food preservations and adulteration. Calorific value of Food. Standard caloric content in carbohydrates, Proteins and Fats. Oxidation of food stuffs.

Synthetic food Additives, food colourants and flavours.

12 hrs

- <u>UNIT II:</u> Stereo isomerism: Optical isomerism, elements of symmetry, cause of optical activity, Lactic acid and tartaric acid, racemisation, resolution, R&S configuration, Geometrical isomerism of maleic and fumaric acid, keto-enol tautomerism. 12hrs
- **UNIT III: Biochemical separation techniques and Dyes:** Chromatography-Principle and application of column, paper, thin layer and Ion exchange chromatography. Electrophoresis- Principles, apparatus and application. Ultra centrifugation-principle. Dyes- Classification- Triphenyl methane dyes, Malachite green, prosaniline, azodyes- methyl orange, aniline yellow, food colours. **12hrs**
- **UNIT IV:** Chemical bonding: Molecular orbital theory, bonding, antibonding and non bonding orbitals. Molecular orbital configuration of H₂, N₂, O₂ and Fluorine. Bond order, Diamagnetism and paramagnetism. Hydrides- classification, preparation and properties. Diborane, Sodium borohydride and Borazole-preparation, properties and structure.

 12 hrs
- **UNIT V:** Coordination Chemistry: Nomenclature, Coordination Compounds, shapes of dorbitals, Theories of Co-ordination complexes- Werner's theory, Sidgwicks theory and Pauling's theory. Theory and structure of Chelation, Haemoglobin and Chlorophyll. Application of complexes-Qualitative and Quantitative analysis. **12hrs**

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Text book of BioChemistry Ambika Shanmugam.
- 2. Essentials of Biochemistry Sathyanarayanan.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Organic Chemistry- P.L.Soni, 28th edn, Sultan Chand and Sons (1999)
- 2. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry- B.R.Puri, L.R.Sharma & K.C.Kalia 28th edn, Vallabh publications (2003).
- 3. Nelson, D.L & Cox, M.M. Lehningers Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed. W.H.Freeman

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Outline the chemistry underlying the properties and reactions of various food products.
CO 2	Explain the concept of stereoisomerism and assign R & S configurations to stereoisomers
CO 3	Use basic concepts of separation techniques and gain knowledge on classification of organic dyes.
CO 4	Familiarize the concepts and theories involved in chemical bonding and application of MOT to homonuclear diatomic molecules
CO 5	Explain the key features of coordination compounds and applications of Complexes in qualitative and quantitative analysis

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1
CO 2	3	1	1	2	2
CO 3	3	3	2	2	1
CO 4	3	2	2	2	2
CO 5	3	2	2	2	2
Average	3	2	1.8	2	1.6

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	ction Word Limit		Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER-II

(For I B.Sc. N&D/ II B.Sc. AZB)

Title of the course: Allied Chemistry- Bio organic Chemistry

Teaching hours: $15 \times 4 = 60$ Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/2A/NBC L T P 3 1 0

CH18/4A/ZBC

Objectives:

1. To impart basic knowledge on carbohydrates metabolism.

- 2. To study the metabolism of lipid
- 3. To understand the role of amino acids and enzymes in human physiology.
- 4. To know about the physiological function of hormones.
- 5. To learn vitamins and protein structures.

COURSE OUTLINE

- <u>UNIT I:</u> Carbohydrates and its metabolism: Classification-preparation and properties of monosachharides- glucose and fructose, discaccharides-Sucrose, Polysaccharides-starch and cellulose. Nucleic Acids: Nucleosides and Nucleotides, Structure of DNA (Watson Crick model) and RNA types, Genetic Code, Biological roles of DNA and RNA: Replication, Transcription and Translation.
 12hrs
- <u>UNIT II:</u> Concept of energy in biosystem: Conversion of food into energy, glycolysis, TCA cycle, glycogenolysis, glycogenesis and gluconeogenesis. **Enzymes**-Definition, classification, nomenclature, specificity, isoenzymes, factors affecting enzyme activity-substrate concentration, pH and temperature, Michaelis-Menten equation, enzyme inhibitors- competitive, non-competitive and uncompetitive. 12hrs
- UNIT-III: Hormones: Definition, classification, mechanism of action of hormones-General functions. Posterior pituitary hormones-Oxytocin and anti-diuretic- Structure and function. Chemotherapy- Preparations, uses and mode of action of sulpha drugs, structure and use of penicillin and chloromycetin.
 12hrs
- <u>UNIT IV:</u> Vitamins: Definition, Classification-Water soluble vitamins B₁, B₂, B₃, B₆ and B₁₂ and Vitamin C. Fat soluble vitamins-A,D,E,K-Occurrence, deficiency diseases, biochemical roles and daily requirements. Steriods- Cholesterol, physical properties and biological function only.

 12hrs

UNIT-V: Lipids and its metabolism: Classification of lipids—saponifiable and non saponifiable lipids, phospholipids—different types, their consitutents, functions. Fatty acids-saturated - stearic and palmitic, formulae, unsaturated - oleic acid and essential fatty acids. Characterisation by iodine value, RM Value, acid number, saponification value (Definitions only). Amino acids—Classification and structures, amphoteric nature, isoelectric point, peptide bond. Proteins-Classification, Primary structure, protein digestion, transamination, oxidative deamination and urea cycle—inter -relationship of protein.

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Text book of BioChemistry Ambika Shanmugam.
- 2. Essentials of Biochemistry Sathyanarayanan.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Text book of natural products by chatwal Vol I Himalayan Publication.
- 2. Text book of BioChemistry Agarwal, Goel Publications.
- 3. Fundamentals of BioChemistry J. L. Jain, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 4. Text book of Pharmaceutical Chemistry- Jayashree Ghosh

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http:/swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Explain the classification – preparation and properties of carbohydrates and
CO 1	structure of nucleic acids
CO 2	Comprehend the concept of conversion of energy in biosystem,
CO 2	classifications of enzymes and factors governing enzyme action
CO 3	Outline the classification of hormones and its mechanism of action.
CO 4	Differentiate water soluble vitamins from fat soluble vitamins and learn
CO 4	biological importance of vitamins B1, B2, B12, C, A, D, E and K.
CO 5	Demonstrate knowledge in classification, biological functions, chemical and
003	physical properties of Lipids

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	1	1	2	3
CO 2	3	2	1	2	2
CO 3	3	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	1
CO 5	3	2	1	2	1
Average	2.8	1.8	1.4	2	1.8

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER- III (For II B.Sc. Physics)

Title of the course: Allied Chemistry-General Chemistry 1

Teaching hours: 15 x 4 = 60 Credits: 4
Course Code: CH18/3A/PGC L T P 3 1 0

Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the concepts of qualitative and quantitative analysis and separation techniques
- 2. To bring an exposure to the applications of coordination chemistry
- 3. To provide the basic concepts in organic chemistry
- 4. To inculcate basic knowledge in photochemistry
- 5. To enable the students to understand the basic principles of electrochemistry

COURSE OUTLINE

- **UNIT I:**
- **Analytical Chemistry-** Introduction to Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis-Principle of volumetric analysis separation techniques-extration-distillation-crystallization-chromatographic separations-Principles and application of column, paper, thin layer, gas liquid and ion-exchange. **12hrs**
- **UNIT II:**

Coordination chemistry: Definition of terms, classification of ligands, Nomenclature of coordination compounds. Theories of co-ordination complexes-Werners theory, Sidgwick's theory and Pauling theory. Chelation, Biological role of Haemoglobin and Chlorophyll, Application of complexes-Qualitative and Quantitative analysis.

12hrs

UNIT III:

Polar Effects: Inductive, electromeric, mesomeric, hyperconjugative and steric effects-influence of effects in properties of compounds-Acidity and Basicity. Aromaticity-Huckles Rule concept of delocalization, Resonance energy-Benzene, **Electrophilic substitution**: Electrophilic substitution in benzene- Mechanism of nitration, halogenation, alkylation, acylation and sulphonation. **12hrs**

UNIT IV:

Photochemistry- Beer-Lambert's law, Grothurs-Draper's law, Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence. Quantum yield- Examples with hydrogen and chlorine reaction. Photosynthesis, Jablonski diagram-Radiative process-Fluorescence, Phosphorescence, non-radiaative process-Internal conversion and Intersystem crossing, Chemiluminescence, Photosensitization-only definition with examples.

12hrs

UNIT V: Electrochemistry: Definition of specific, equivalent and molar conductance and their determination, effect of dilution on conductance, Ostwald's dilution law, Kohlrausch's law and its applications Galvanic cells, Emf, Standard cell-Weston cadmium cell. Standard hydrogen electrode and calomel electrode in e.m.f. measurements Standard electrode potentials and its applications. Henderson equation, applications of pH and buffer in biological systems and Industries. **12hrs**

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allied Chemistry- Gopalan and Sundaram, III edn., Sultan Chand and Sons.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Organic chemistry, P.L.Soni 28th edn., Sultan Chand and Sons 1999.
- 2. Principles of Inorganic chemistry, B.R.Puri, L.R.Sharma & K.C.Kalia 28th edn., Vallabh publications 2003.
- 3. Principles of Physical chemistry Puri & Sharma 41st edn Vishal Publishing Co. 2004
- 4. Essentials of Physical Chemistry- Bahl and Arun Bahl, Sultan Chand and Sons. 2009
- 5. Elements of Analytical Chemistry –R.Gopalan, P.S.Subramanian and K.Rengarajan Sultan Chand and Sons.

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Explain the concept of qualitative and quantitative analysis and basic idea about
	chromatography technique.
CO 2	Study the key aspects and theories of coordination compounds and their biological
	role
CO 3	Learn the concept of electronic effects and its application on properties, Huckles rule
	and mechanism of aromatic electrophillic substitution reactions.
CO 4	Explain the fundamentals of photochemistry and laws governing it and identify
	difference between radiative and non radiative transition with the help of jablanski
	diagram
CO 5	Gain knowledge of electrolytic, metallic conductivity, migration, transport
	phenomena, pH and buffers, calculate thermodynamics parameters of galvanic cells,
	and evaluate the potential of electrodes

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	3	2	2	1
CO 2	3	2	1	1	2
CO 3	3	2	2	2	1
CO 4	3	2	2	2	2
CO 5	3	2	2	1	1
Average	3	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4

KEY: Strongly correlated - 3 Moderately correlated - 2 Weakly correlated - 1 No Correlation - 0

Teaching Methodology: Lecture (Chalk & Talk)

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

SEMESTER-IV

(For II B.Sc Physics)

Title of the course: Allied Chemistry- General Chemistry 2

Teaching hours: $15 \times 4 = 60$ Credits: 4

Course Code: CH18/4A/PGC L T P 3 1 0

Objectives:

- 1. To expose the students to the industrial applications of silicones and fertilizers
- 2. To gain knowledge on metal extraction and refining
- 3. To get acquainted with colloids
- 4. To introduce the concept of stereo isomerism in organic chemistry
- 5. To introduce the concept of phase rule and phase diagram

COURSE OUTLINE

- <u>UNIT I:</u> Industrial Chemistry: Silicones-synthesis, properties and uses. Fuel gases- Natural gas, water gas, semiwater gas, carbureted water gas, producer gas. Inter halogen compounds ICl, BrF₃, IF₅, IF₇- preparation, properties, hybridization and structure, Fertilisers-Urea, Super phosphate of lime, Triple super phosphate. 12hrs
- <u>UNIT II:</u> Metallurgy: General methods of extraction of metals. Types of ores, methods of ore dressing, types of furnaces, reduction methods, types of refining, Van Arkel, Zone refining, Extraction of Copper, Uranium and Thorium 12hrs
- **UNIT III:** Colloids: Colloids state of matter-various types-classification-Sols-dialysis-electro osmosis-electrophoresis-stability of Colloid-protection action Hardy-Schulze lawgold number- Emulsion: Types of emulsions-emulsifier with examples- Gels: Classification and preparation- Application of Colloids. 12hrs
- WIT IV: Stereoisomerism: Geometrical isomerism of maleic and fumaric acid, cis, trans, E
 & Z nomenclature of geometrical isomers, Optical isomerism, elements of symmetry, cause of optical activity, Specific rotation-Determination of Specific rotation, Lactic acid and tartaric acid, Resolution, Racemisation and Walden inversion, Configuration-D&L, R&S.
- <u>UNIT V:</u> Phase rule: Definition of terms in phase rule, Gibbs phase rule (no derivation) one component systems-water and sulphur systems, Reduced phase rule-two component system, Simple eutectic system. Eg. Lead-silver & Potassium iodide-water system

 12hrs

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. Allied Chemistry- Gopalan and Sundaram, III edn., Sultan Chand and Sons.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Organic Chemistry P.L.Soni 28th edn Sultan Chand and Sons 1999
- 2. Principles of Inorganic chemistry B.R.Puri, L.R.Sharma & K.C.Kalia 28th edn, Vallabh publications 2003
- 3. Principles of Physical chemistry Puri & Sharma 41st edn Vishal Publishing Co. 2004
- 4. Essentials of Physical Chemistry- Bahl and Arun Bahl, Sultan Chand and Sons. 2009

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. MATLAB
- 4. mooc.org
- 5. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Compile synthesis, properties and uses of silicones, fuel gases, inter halogen
COT	compounds and fertilisers
CO 2	Learn the general methods of extraction of metals and apply for extraction of
CO 2	Copper, Uranium and Thorium
CO 3	Outline the general idea about colloids and emulsions ,classification,
CO 3	preparation, stability and uses
CO 4	Gain knowledge about geometrical isomerism, conformation and
CO 4	configurational isomerism and assign R & S notations to stereoisomers
CO 5	Define phase, equilibrium, component, degree of freedom and phase rule and
003	draw the phase diagram for a two component system

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	2	2	1	3	2
CO 2	2	3	1	2	1
CO 3	3	2	1	3	1
CO 4	3	2	1	2	1
CO 5	3	2	1	3	1
Average	2.6	2.2	1	2.6	1.2

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

Teaching Methodology:

Lecture (Chalk & Talk, LCD), Flipped Learning – E Content, Videos, Problem solving, Seminar, Quiz

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

ALLIED CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL

I YEAR- SEMESTER I & II (I B.Sc. N&D)

&

II YEAR- SEMESTER III & IV (for II B.Sc. AZB & II B.Sc. PHYSICS)

Title of the Course: Allied Chemistry Practical-Volumetric & Organic Analysis

Teaching hours: $30 \times 2 = 60$ Credits: 2

Course Code: CH18/2A/PRA & CH18/4A/PRA

VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS

Acidimetry- Alkalimetry

- 1. Estimation of Borax using Methyl orange as indicator.
- 2. Estimation of Oxalic acid using Phenolphthalein as indicator.

Permanganimetry

- 3. Estimation of ferrous ammonium sulphate.
- 4. Estimation of oxalic acid.

Complexometry

5. Estimation of Magnesium/Zinc using EDTA

Dichrometry

6.*Estimation of ferrous ion using diphenyl amine as internal indicator.

Iodometry

7.*Estimation of copper sulphate using standard potassium dichromate.

*For internal assessment only

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

Systematic Analysis of Organic Compounds with one functional group- Aromatic Aldehyde, Mono and dihydric phenols, β -Naphthol, Aromatic monocarboxylic acid, Aliphatic and Aromatic dicarboxylic acids, Carbohydrates-monosaccharide, Aliphatic diamide and Primary Aromatic Amine

- 1. Detection of elements- Nitrogen, Sulphur and Halogens.
- 2. Identification of Aliphatic or Aromatic compounds.
- 3. Identification of Saturated or Unsaturated compounds.
- 4. Identification of Functional group

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement					
CO 1	Perform a titration and calculate the amount of the substance					
COT	present in unknown solution					
CO 2	Analyse the given organic compounds systematically					
CO3	Prepare a systematic report on the analyses and submit					

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1
CO 2	3	2	2	2	1
CO 3	3	2	2	2	1
Average	3	2	2	2	1

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

Teaching Methodology: Hands on Practical training and Demonstration

END SEMESTER PRACTICAL EXAMINATIONS

(For I B.Sc N&D, II B.Sc. AZB & II B.Sc. PHYSICS) SEMESTER II/IV

QUESTION BANK

Title of the Paper: Allied Chemistry Practical-Volumetric & Organic Analysis

Paper Code: CH18/2A/PRA & CH18/4A/PRA Time: 3hrs

Max. Marks: 60

- 1. Analyze volumetrically the amount of sodium carbonate present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with a standard solution of sodium hydroxide and a link solution of hydrochloric acid.
- Estimate the amount of Borax present in the whole of the given solution. You are given a standard sodium carbonate solution and a link hydrochloric acid solution.
- 3. Estimate the amount of hydrochloric acid present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with a standard solution of sulphuric acid and a link solution of sodium hydroxide.
- 4. Estimate the amount of oxalic acid present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with a standard solution of hydrochloric acid and a link solution of sodium hydroxide.
- 5. Estimate the amount of Ferrous sulphate present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with a standard solution of ferrous ammonium sulphate and a link solution of potassium permanganate.
- 6. Estimate the amount of Ferrous ammonium sulphate present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with a standard solution of oxalic acid and a link solution of potassium permanganate.
- 7. Estimate the amount of oxalic acid present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with a standard solution of ferrous sulphate and a link solution of potassium permanganate.
- 8. Estimate the amount of Magnesium sulphate present in the whole of the given solution. You are provided with a standard solution of Magnesium sulphate and a link solution of EDTA.

SCHEME OF VALUATION

Total Marks - 100

External Marks (60) + Internal Marks (40) =100 Marks

Record - 10

Volumetric analysis - 25

Organic Analysis - 25

Total Marks 60

Scheme of Valuation: Volumetric Analysis

Error upto 2% - 25 marks

Error upto 2.1 - 3% - 20 marks

Error upto 3.1 - 4% - 15 marks

Error > 4% - 10 marks

Arithmetic error - Reduce 1 mark.

Wrong calculation - Reduce 20% of the marks

No calculation - Reduce 40% of the marks

Analyse the given organic substance and report for the following.

- a. Aromatic or Aliphatic
- b. Saturated or Unsaturated
- c. Presence or Absence of the elements -Nitrogen, Sulphur and Halogens
- d. Functional group present

List of substances given for Analysis

- 1. Benzaldehyde
- 2. Phenol
- 3. β-Naphthol
- 4. Resorcinol
- 5. Glucose
- 6. Benzoic acid
- 7. Phthalic acid
- 8. Succinic acid
- 9. Aniline
- 10. Urea

Scheme of	<u>Valuation:</u> Organic Analysis:	25 Marks
Elements	(3 x 2)	6 Marks

Aliphatic or Aromatic (2 tests x 2) 4 Marks

Saturated or Unsaturated (2 tests x 2) 4 Marks

Preliminary reactions 6 Marks

Functional group tests 5 Marks

PART-IV NON MAJOR ELECTIVE

SEMESTER-I

(Common to I Year B.A/B.Sc./B.Com)

Title of the Course: Non Major Elective 1 - Cosmetology

Teaching hours: $15 \times 2 = 30$ Credits: 2

Course Code: CH18/1N/COS LTP 2 0 0

Objectives:

- 1. To improve one's own personal appearance and develop self confidence.
- 2. To impart skill in cosmetology.
- 3. To acquire knowledge in cosmetic science.

COURSE OUTLINE:

<u>UNIT I:</u> Self analysis, grooming, professional behavior, skin care, theory of massage, facials, facial manipulation, make-up- purpose and types- corrective make-up using optical illusions.

10hrs

<u>UNIT II:</u> Hair oils and hair creams, hair removers- temporary removal of hair, depilation process and epilation process. Permanent removal of hair. Hand lotions and creams-Preparation and applications. Hazards of cosmetics and quality control. **10hrs**

UNIT III: Face creams: Types of face creams-cold, vanishing, cleaning and bleaching creams- preparation and application. Hand lotions and creams-simple method of preparation. Facial, manicure, pedicure, waxing, make-up & hair style. **10hrs**

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Text book of Cosmetology by Mary Haely Eastern Economy edition.
- 2. The complete book of beauty care- Aruna Anand.

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. mooc.org
- 4. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Identify a positive attitude and a sense of personal integrity, practice proper
COT	grooming, skin care, massage, facial and make-up purposes.
CO 2	Use the basic skills necessary for applying lotions/creams, hair treatment/hair
	styling knowledge about cosmetic hazards and quality control.
CO 3	Apply knowledge for performing facials, make-up, waxing, manicures and
CO 3	pedicures.

Mapping: Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	1	2	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	3	3
CO 3	3	1	1	3	3
Average	3	1.7	2	3	3

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$ $Teaching\ Methodology:\ Lecture\ (\ Chalk\ \&\ Talk)$

Question Paper Pattern

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1,K2	$A - 5 \times 10 \text{ Marks}$	350	50	50

PART IV – NON MAJOR ELECTIVE

SEMESTER - II

(Common to I B.A/B.Sc./B.Com.)

Title of the Course: Non Major Elective 2- Dyeing and Printing of Textiles

Teaching hours: $15 \times 2 = 30$ Credits: 2

Course Code: CH18/2N/DPT LTP 2 0 0

Objective:

- 1. To have a knowledge about the types and characteristics of dyes
- 2. To impart skill in dyeing and printing of textiles
- 3. To inculcate entrepreneur skills in textile dyeing

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I: Dyes: Classification-Main types of dyes, and their characteristics-Natural dyes and synthestic dyes, Natural dyes based on plant origin. Synthetic dyes-cationic, anionic, direct dyes, mordant dyes, vat dyes and sulphur dyes.
 10hrs

UNIT II: Basic methods of dyeing-stock dyeing, Top dyeing, Dope dyeing, Yarn dyeing, Piece dyeing, Beck dyeing, Jig dyeing, Padding. **10hrs**

<u>UNIT III</u>: Methods of printing-Block, Roller, Screen, Tie and dye, Batik and Kalamkari printing techniques. 10hrs

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK:

1. Textiles- Fibre to Fabrics- Dr. Bernard, P. Lorbman

WEBSITES & e-LEARNING SOURCES:

- 1. www.virtlab.com
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in
- 3. mooc.org
- 4. http://swayam.gov.in

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO No.	CO Statement
CO 1	Explain the different types of natural and synthetic dyes
CO 2	Gain practical knowledge on various dyeing methods
CO 3	Acquire skill and knowledge on various printing techniques

Mapping : Course Outcomes with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO / PSO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1
CO 2	3	2	2	2	1
CO 3	3	2	2	2	1
Average	3	2	2	2	1

 $KEY: Strongly\ correlated\ -3\ Moderately\ correlated\ -2\ Weakly\ correlated\ -1\ No\ Correlation\ -0$

Teaching Methodology: Lecture(Chalk & Talk)

Question Paper Pattern

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1,K2	A – 5 x 10 Marks	350	50	50

ETHIRAJ COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI-600 008 END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

TEMPLATE OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Common to all UG Core, Elective and Allied Theory

Title of the Course - Max. Marks: 100

Course code-

SECTION-A

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

 $10Q \times 2=20$

Question Numbers 1-10

Definition, statement or very short answers with 2 lines, Choosing 2 question from each of the 5 units in the syllabus.

Section B

Answer all the Questions

5Qx8=40 marks

Question numbers 11 to 15 (5 Questions)

5 Questions to be given with an internal choice choosing one question from each unit (ie) 11a or 11b

Section-C

Answer any two questions

2Qx20=40 marks

Question Numbers 16-19 (4 Questions)

4 questions to be given with a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d) giving equal weightage to all the five units in the syllabus.

Note: Equal weightage to be given to all the 5 units in the syllabus

Section-A=10Q x 2 marks = 20 marks

Section-B= $5Q \times 8 \text{ marks}$ = 40 marks

Section $C=2Q \times 20 \text{ marks}$ = 40 marks

Total = 100 marks

ESE Question Paper Pattern UG

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1	A – 10x 2 Marks	One or Two Sentences	20	
K1, K2	B – 5/8 x 8 Marks	250	40	100
K2, K3	C – 2/4 x 20 Marks	500	40	

ETHIRAJ COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI-600 008

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

Template of the Question Paper Common to All Non Major Electives

Title of the Course: Non Major Elective 1 - Cosmetology

Title of the Course: Non Major Elective 2- Dyeing and Printing of Textiles

Course Code: CH18/1N/COS & CH18/2N/DPT

Max. Marks: 50

Time: 2 hrs

ANSWER ANY TEN QUESTIONS OUT OF TWELVE QUESTIONS

10 Q x 5=50

NOTE: Equal weightage to be given to all the three units in the syllabus.

Question Paper Pattern for Part -IV

Knowledge level	Section	Word Limit	Marks	Total
K1,K2	A – 5 x 10 Marks	350	50	50